

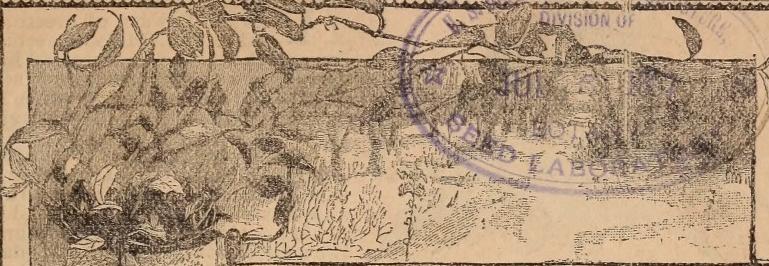
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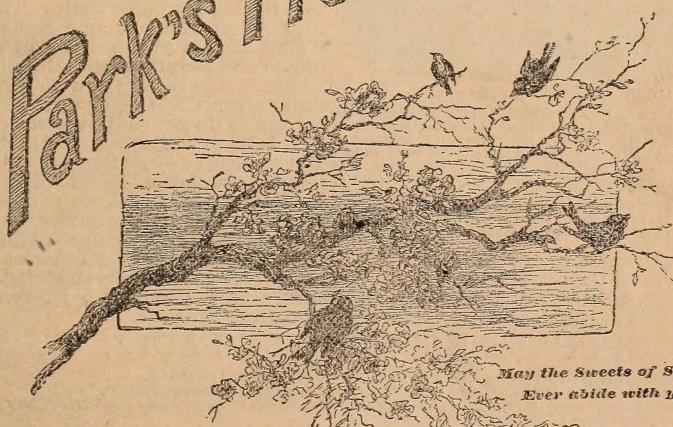


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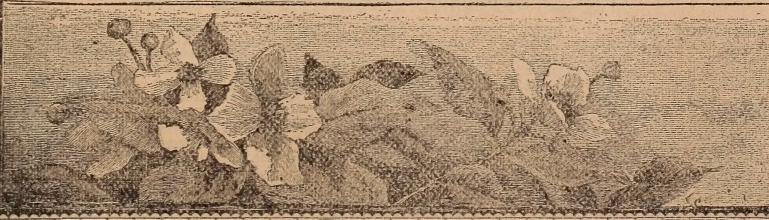


# Park's Floral Guide

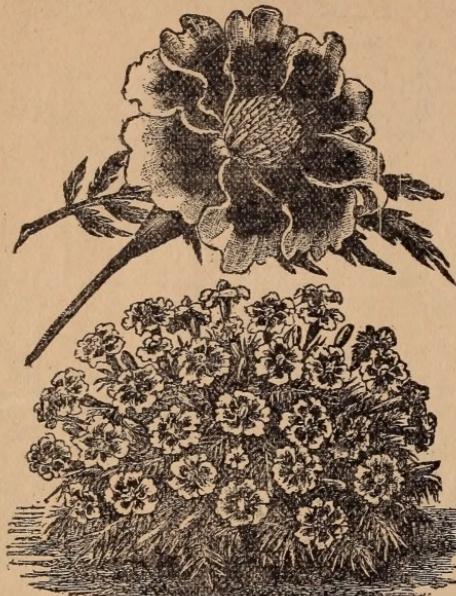


*May the Sweets of Summer  
Ever abide with you.*

GEO. W. PARK,  
Seedsman and Florist,  
Libonia, Penn'a.



# Introductory Remarks.



MARIGOLD, DWARF FRENCH, PURPLE AND GOLD.

Have you seen the new Dwarf Marigold, recently introduced from France under the name of "Legion of Honour" but which is sometimes termed "Purple and Gold"? If not, then look at the above illustration of the plant and flower, and imagine the beauty of a globular plant about a foot high, with which grows, for all time, a thickly set with large, single golden yellow flowers with a broad, velvety, purple brown blotch on each petal. A hedge or border of this lovely Marigold makes a grand display from July till cut down by severe frosts, defying drought, heat and insects. Cut the flowers freely, to prevent exhaustion from seed-bearing. An easily grown flower, and one that rarely fails to please.

and can be depended upon. I do a plain, honest business, without aiming at sensation or show, and those who deal with me find my seeds just as recommended. This Guide contains much floral information in compact form. Hang it up for reference. It will be found useful in your garden work throughout the year.

## PLEASE NOTE THESE FACTS:

1. All the seeds offered are of the New Cron-bright and plump.
2. All my seeds are of the finest quality, grown from finest strains.
3. The mixtures are specially prepared, and carefully proportioned. They are not the odds and ends of some foreign seed house.
4. Every Patron is fairly and honestly dealt with. If mistakes are made they are cheerfully corrected. If there is damage or loss in transit it is made good.
5. Satisfaction is guaranteed in every respect to every customer. If failure results from any defect in the seeds I gladly replace the seeds if complaint is duly made. Full directions for sowing, etc., accompany every package, so that success is assured.

**SEED PACKAGE FREE.**—A package of New Dwarf French Marigold will be sent free to every patron who orders seeds from this GUIDE. No matter how small your order call for this package and you will get it free. The request, however, must come with the order. See description and engraving above.

**SPECIAL OFFER.**—PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE is a charming monthly, entirely floral, profusely illustrated, and literally packed with delightful reading for the amateur florist. Just what every flower cultivator wants! 50 cents a year, or for \$1.00 you will get it a year, and \$1.25 worth of seeds, to be selected from this GUIDE. If more seeds than you wish get a neighbor to club with you.

## LIBERAL OFFERS TO THOSE WHO FORM CLUBS.

For a club of three names at \$1.00 each (\$3.00) I will send you the MAGAZINE one year, and 75 cents worth of seeds as a premium. For five subscribers (\$5.00) I will send the MAGAZINE and seeds amounting to \$1.25 and in addition will send you Little Flower Folks, a most interesting botanical work, or if preferred will send you Cleve's Angle Trowel or Park's Excelsior Pruning Shears. Larger clubs, larger premiums. Every member of a club at \$1.00 will get the MAGAZINE one year and seeds, their selection, amounting to \$1.25. Catalogues, sample copies and blank lists sent free to aid in this work.

**HOW TO REMIT.**—Send money by Money Order, Express Order, Draft or Registered Letter. Sums under \$1.00 send in postage stamps. I guarantee money to reach me when sent as advised. If lost, the loss is mine. Always address your letter plainly, giving name, postoffice, county and State, and before sealing see that the remittance is sufficient to cover the purchase.

It is a pleasure to meet and greet you, dear patrons, through my FLORAL GUIDE, but a greater pleasure follows in the friendly letters which reach me in response. These I heartily appreciate, and in wishing you a prosperous and enjoyable floral season I make no formal expression. It is the expression of a true and heartfelt sentiment. Hoping to be kindly remembered this season, as usual, I am,

LIBONIA, PA., Feb. 7, 1896.

A NOTHER year of buds and foliage and flowers, of green fields and forests, birds, insects and song, with all the pleasures and happy experiences which the summer season affords has come and gone since I last greeted you, dear patrons, through the pages of PARK'S FLORAL GUIDE. To me the year has been a prosperous and enjoyable one, and I sincerely hope that Time has dealt as kindly with you, and that many of its events and incidents may be treasured by you among life's sweetest experiences. To-day, as I write, I look out upon the gently-falling snow, covering the landscape with a spotless robe, and making the strong arms of the grim old evergreens along the mountain side bend with diamond flakes, and I exclaim in my admiration, "Oh, how beautiful!" Thus we find enjoyment in Nature at any season. But soon the breath of Spring will swell the buds, and the Snowdrop and Crocus will appear, while the blue bird will tell us in its sweetest notes that Spring has come again. Then we must select and sow our seeds if we would reap a rich reward of garden bloom and beauty during the summer season. It is to help you in this, my dear patron, that I send you my FLORAL GUIDE. I do not make a great display in this little work, but I aim to give you truthful descriptions and illustrations of the flowers I offer. I do not offer a lot of old, well-known flowers as novelties, under new names, but what I offer will be found first-class and true, and can be depended upon. I do a plain, honest business, without aiming at sensation or show, and those who deal with me find my seeds just as recommended. This Guide contains much floral information in compact form. Hang it up for reference. It will be found useful in your garden work throughout the year.

Florally yours,  
GEO. W. PARK.



# PARK'S FLORAL GUIDE.

## New Crop Offerings for 1896.

THIS GUIDE embraces Garden Annuals (pages 1 to 25); Ornamental Climbers (pages 25 to 2); Everlastings and Grasses (page 2); Biennials and Perennials (page 29); Window Flowers (pages 30 and 31), and Shrubs and Miscellaneous Flowers (page 32). The descriptions and illustrations are not overdrawn, and the cultural notes you will find of practical service. In most cases I have indicated the country where the different flowers were found, and the approximate year of their introduction. General cultural directions accompany every purchase.

**PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE.**—To give still further information about plants and their culture I issue a Monthly Magazine devoted entirely to floriculture. This is the Pioneer of American Floral Monthly, and the favorite among amateur florists. A yearly subscription is included with every seed order amounting to 50 cents. For \$1.00 I will send the MAGAZINE and seeds, your selection, amounting to 1.25. It is useless to buy flower seeds unless you meet with success in their culture. This MAGAZINE is, therefore, as needful to the purchaser, perhaps more needful, than the seeds themselves.

**PARK'S FLOWER SEEDS.**—I have made a specialty of Choice Flower Seeds for almost a lifetime, and you can depend upon getting only the best from me. My seeds are all of the **NEW CROP**, and I warrant them. If any lack vitality I will gladly replace them. My success, dear patron, is dependent upon yours, and every precaution is taken to give you entire satisfaction.

**Abronia.** Treat as an annual. California, 1823.

Umbellata, blue 5  
Arenaria, yellow 5  
Villosa, rose... 10  
Mixed..... 5

Trailing succulents with Verbena-like fragrant clusters of delicate flowers. Do well in poor, well-drained, sandy soil. In California where the plants grow wild they are called Sand Verbenas. Husk the seed before sowing. Set the plants one foot apart.



**Acacia lophantha** from New Holland ..... 5

One of the most beautiful of foliage plants. Easily started from seeds, and grows from five to six feet high in a single season. Foliage decomposed and fern-like. A hardy perennial shrub at the South. Started early it will form a lovely elm for a sheltered nook or corner about the yard, and set thickly in a double row the plants make an elegant, much admired low screen or hedge. It thrives well in a window.



**Adonis.** These are annuals. Southern Europe, 1629.

Æstivalis, scarlet... 3  
Autumnalis, scarlet.... 3  
Both species mixed..... 5

Scarlet Buttercups with mossy foliage. Found in cornfields in Southern Europe. Seeds may be sown in either spring or fall. Looks best in a mass or clump. Do well in a shady place. Plants grow about a foot high.

**Ageratum.** From Mexico, 1822. Everblooming.

Conspicuum ..... 5  
Lasseauxii, pink..... 5  
Mexicana, blue..... 3

Alba, white ..... 3  
Imperial Dwarf, blue..... 5  
White, fine ..... 5

Little Dorrit, blue..... 5  
Swanley Blue, fine..... 5  
Special mixture..... 5

Excellent for bedding or for edgings, the plants becoming a mass of bright, constant flowers which last many days. Swanley Blue is a fine edging variety, growing only eight inches high, compact and very floriferous, the flowers being bright azure blue. Imperial Dwarf bears dark blue flowers, and a variety has white blooms. A. conspicuum, white, is superb for bouquets. When wintered in pots in the window the plants bloom profusely during the early spring months. The plants are readily grown from seeds, which germinate in from three to five days.



wintered in pots in the window the plants bloom profusely during the early spring months. The plants are readily grown from seeds, which germinate in from three to five days.

*Agrostemma coeli rosa* (Viscaria), Mexico, 1842.



Alba, whitish.....	1
Nana fimbriata.....	3
Lilacina.....	3
Rosea, rose.....	3
All colors mixed.....	3

These are slender-stemmed, hardy annuals with small, delicate Pink-like flowers. The plants grow only about a foot high, and when massed together in a bed they bloom in great profusion, and are very showy.

*Aionsoa*. From Chili and Peru, 1790.

Albiflora, white .....	5
Grandiflora.....	5
Linfolia .....	5
Gracilis, new.....	5
Mutatis, blash .....	5
Myrtifolia .....	5
Warszewiczi .....	5
All kinds mixed .....	5

These are handsome plants for either out-door or pot culture, as they bloom continuously and the flowers are brilliant and attractive. A. myrtifolia grows two feet high, bearing large, intense scarlet flowers. A. Warszewiczi is more dwarf in habit and is admirable for pots. Ours is the compact sort.

*Alyssum*, Sweet (Maritima, Benthami), England.

Sweet.....	3
Compacta, dwarf .....	5
Trailing, new.....	5
The varieties mixed .....	5

The Sweet Alyssum is one of the indispensables with most amateur florists. It comes into bloom a few weeks after the seeds are sown, and blooms freely till late autumn. It likes a cool, moist soil. Sow where the plants are to bloom, or transplant. A fine winter-blooming plant when grown in a cool room. Sorts are very fine for pots and baskets.

*Ananathus*, mostly from E. Indies, 1728 to 1820.

Abyssinicus .....	3
Amabilis tricolor .....	3
Bicolor, red striped .....	3
Ruber, scarlet .....	3
Love-ies-bleeding .....	3
Gibbosus, see eng .....	3
Henderi, fine .....	5
Prince's Feather .....	3
Nobilis .....	3
Salicifolius .....	3
Tricolor, Jes's Coat .....	3
Splendens .....	5
All kinds mixed .....	5

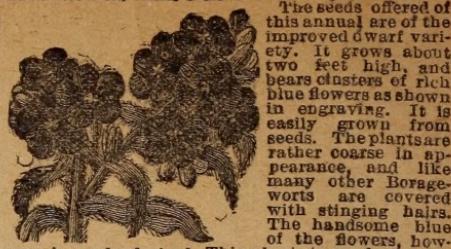
These are very showy, easily grown annuals, always brighter in a dry soil or dry season. Some are valuable for their foliage, others for their flowers. A. gibbosus is an improved form of Love-ies-bleeding. A. tricolor splendens is a decided improvement on the old Joseph's Coat, and a very attractive foliage plant. The mixture contains all the sorts, and will give great satisfaction.

*Anagallis grandiflora* (Monelli), Italy, 1648.

Breweri, scarlet .....	3
Carnosa, flesh .....	3
Eugenica, azure .....	3
Corulea, blue .....	3
Sanguinea, red .....	3
Napoleona III .....	3
Linifolia .....	3
All sorts mixed .....	3

Pimpernel. The plants grow less than a foot high, and bear a profusion of bright flowers. They bloom from July till October, making a fine display in a bed or border.

*Anchusa capensis*, Cape of Good Hope, 1830.



The seeds offered of this annual are of the improved dwarf variety. It grows about two feet high, and bears clusters of rich blue flowers as shown in engraving. It is easily grown from seeds. The plants are rather coarse in appearance, and like many other Boraginaceae are covered with stinging hairs. The handsome blue of the flowers, however,

is much admired. Thin plants to one foot apart

*Anemone*, hardy perennials, Levant, 1836 to 1838.

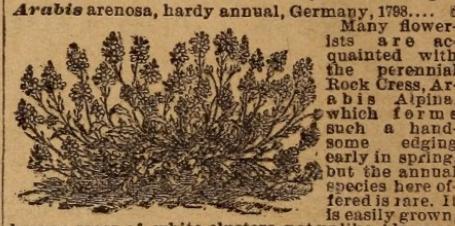
Coronaria, mixed .....	5
Fulgens, scarlet .....	5

The above mixed .....

These are readily grown from seeds, and will bloom well the first season if sown early. The flowers are large and showy. A. coronaria is often called Peacock and Poppy Anemone. They should have rather light, rich soil, well drained. In heavy soil they sometimes suffer from dampness.

The young plants should be protected from the hot sun till well started. The

seeds germinate about eighteen days after sowing. *Arabis arenosa*, hardy annual, Germany, 1788.... 5



Many flowerists are acquainted with the perennial Rock Cress, *Arabis*, which forms such a handsome edging early in spring, but the annual species here offered is rare. It is easily grown,

bears a mass of white clusters not unlike Alyssum, and makes a good edging for summer and autumn. It thrives in a sandy soil.

*Argemone*, annals, Mexico, 1827, mixed..... 2

Two feet high, with glaucous, prickly foliage and large Poppy-like white and yellow flowers. Makes a good summer screen or hedge.

*Artemisia*, Wormwood, in fine mixture..... 5

*Artemisia annua*..... 5

Variegata..... 5

A. annua is exceedingly graceful, the plants often reaching six feet in height, clothed with delicate, fragrant foliage. The sprays of green are much prized for bouquets. A plant of this is fine for the center of a bed, or for a back border. A. gracilis has Fennel-like foliage, and is a hardy perennial growing only two or three feet high. Easily grown from seeds.

*Asperula* (Woodruff), *Azures setosa*..... 5

A. azurea setosa is a hardy annual bearing heads of blue flowers in profusion throughout the season. The plants start readily from seeds and grow a foot high. They make a fine display massed together, and the flowers are fine for bouquets. See engraving. A. hexaphylala is a trailing plant with white flowers. Valuable for baskets and for carpeting for a Gladiolus bed. 5 cents per packet.

*Aster tenellus*, Cape of Good Hope, 1769..... 5

Blue, daisy-like flowers in profusion, pleasing and showy. Sow early.



Blue, daisy-like flowers in profusion, pleasing and showy. Sow early.

# Antirrhinum Majus--Snapdragon.

Those who have cultivated only the old-fashioned Snapdragons will be surprised at the great improvement in color, form and habit of the new varieties we here offer. The flowers are so large, displaying such a variety of colors, and are produced in such compact masses that none can help admiring them. Some of the flowers are as beautifully spotted as a Calceolaria, while their delicate texture and peculiar shape call to mind that beautiful florist's flower. The seeds vegetate in about twelve days, and sown in the spring the plants begin to bloom during the summer, and continue in bloom throughout the season. Cut them freely to prevent the formation of seed-pods, and the plants will produce more flowers and be better able to endure the winter. Set eight or ten inches apart in a bed they make a fine display the first season, and cut back as suggested will bear the winter and add bloom well the second and even the third year. The dwarf sorts make compact little bushes six inches high; the tall varieties grow about a foot in height. For bouquets they are very desirable, their delicate texture and attractive form and colors always eliciting admiration. I have all the known colors, and they are carefully proportioned in the superb mixture offered below. Always state whether you wish tall or dwarf sorts.

Album, pure white.....	5
Brilliant, scarlet, gold and white.....	5
Crescia, fine deep scarlet.....	5
Della, carmine, white throat.....	5
Firefly, orange scarlet.....	5
Galathaea, crimson, white throat.....	5
Lilacinum, fine lilac.....	5
Luteum, pure yellow.....	5
Nigrescens, dark purple.....	5
Papillonaceum, brilliant crimson, white throat, very fine.....	5
Striatum, various colors, beautifully striped.....	5
All varieties in special mixture.....	5

## NEW CALCEOLARIA-FLOWERED SNAPDRAGONS.

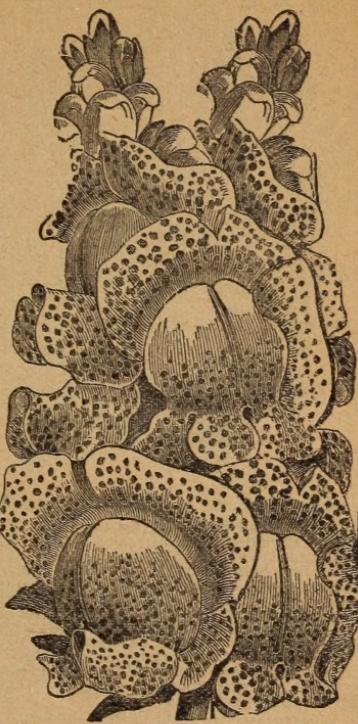
This new race surpasses all other varieties in the rich and odd markings of its flowers. I heartily recommend it, as I believe it will delight everyone who gives it a trial. The plants are of medium height, branching in habit, and very floriferous. See engraving.

Ignescens.....	5
Inimitable.....	5
Emperor William.....	5
Mirabundum.....	5
Non Plus Ultra.....	5
Victoria.....	5
The above new sorts mixed.....	5

Mr. Park:—Last year late in August I sowed seeds of tall and dwarf Antirrhinums, and when cold weather came I filled the south window full of them. With the beginning of the new year I had a window of bloom that anyone might feel proud of, and as late as March 24 they were still loaded with blooms and buds. This window was more admired than all the others. I don't see why anyone should pass the long dreary winter without flowers when they are so easily raised from seed, and these plants are so free from insects.—Sadie, Hancock Co., Ohio.

Mr. Park:—I was more than satisfied with the seeds purchased of you. The Snapdragons were very fine and of many colors. I never saw finer ones in my life.—Mrs. D. D. Hotchkiss, Ashtabula Co., O.

Mr. Park:—My Snapdragons this year were splendid. To-day I picked a bouquet of the flowers. I start all my seeds in the house and transplant them to pots or beds as I wish.—Sadie L. May, Nantucket, Co., Mass., Dec. 11.



# Althea rosea--Hollyhock--Superb Double Sorts.

The Hollyhock, *Althea rosea*, was introduced from China in 1573. The flowers were then single, and of a reddish color. Great improvements have since been made, however, and the flowers are now perfectly double, globular in form, of many different colors, and continue a long time in bloom. For a group or hedge, or for a tall screen or background nothing can surpass the Hollyhock as now perfected. Started early they will bloom the first year from seeds. Sown in May or June they will bloom the second and third years. The seeds I offer are of the highest grade, and will produce grand flowers. They are from selected plants of Chater's superb strain, and can't be surpassed.

Pure white.....	10
Yellowish white, purple ground.....	10
Sulphur yellow.....	10
Scarlet.....	10
Rose.....	10
Isabel color (yellowish).....	10
Salmon Rose.....	10
Golden yellow.....	10
Crimson.....	10
Light Apricot.....	10
Dark Crimson.....	10
Rosy Carmine.....	10
White on purple ground.....	10
Peach.....	10
Special mixture of all colors in 10 careful proportion.....	10

Mr. Park:—When I was in Lansing last summer I saw a beautiful Hollyhock hedge. Some empty building lots had been utilized as a potato field, and to screen the vegetables from view Hollyhocks of every color and shade had been planted thickly, and oh, how handsome it was! I feel quite sure that all flower-lovers would rejoice in the effect if they could have seen it.—Mrs. H. P. P. Lapeer Co., Mich.

Mr. Park:—Last March a Hollyhock plant made its appearance in my seed-box. In April it was transplanted to the garden, and began to bloom in August. Mrs. Martha Crandall, Fillmore Co., Minn.

**ACTUAL COMFORT.**—Park's Floral Magazine gives me more actual comfort than any reading matter that comes in our house. I thought I understood flower culture pretty well, but since reading your Magazine I find I have much to learn.—Mrs. E. N., Bradford Co., Pa., Dec. 3, 1894.

**SUCH A HELP.**—I have been a subscriber to Park's Floral Magazine a long while, and the longer I take it the better I like it. It is such a help to me with my flowers. I highly recommend it.—Mrs. C. Cotrell, Pike Co., O., Dec. 2, 1894.

**WORTH THE PRICE.**—Park's Floral Magazine alone is worth fifty cents without the premiums to anyone who loves flowers. I will recommend your paper to all! I wish you the prosperity you so well deserve.—Mrs. N. A. A., Berkshire Co., Mass.



# Improved French and German Aster.

What we popularly cultivate as French and German Aster are not properly Aster, but varieties which have sprung from *Calistephus chinensis*, a plant introduced from China in 1751, and formerly called China Aster. The improvements were made mostly by French and German florists, and the varieties are now generally known as French and German Aster. These improved flowers are certainly among the most useful and beautiful of annuals. They bloom in the autumn, come in a great variety of colors, and the flowers are perfectly double, large, delicate and showy. A bed in bloom is a gorgeous sight, surpassing in showiness and beauty any autumn display. The Aster seeds I offer are of the finest strains, and imported from the French and German florists who have made this flower a specialty. They will be found greatly superior to the seeds usually sold as high grade Aster.



LARGE-FLOWERED DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM ASTER.

## VICTORIA PRIZE ASTER.

This is considered the finest of all Double Aster. The plants are vigorous, of symmetrical form, about twenty inches high, and form pyramids of gorgeous double bloom, of an almost infinite number of shades. The petals are beautifully imbricated, gracefully curved, and of delicate texture, and when fully developed the flowers are of great size, and exceedingly showy as well as beautiful. If you wish but one variety of Aster get the Victoria. My mixture contains the colors carefully proportioned, and the seeds are of surpassing excellence, saved only from the most perfect flowers.

White.....	10	Dark crimson.....	10
Light yellow.....	10	Reddish lilac.....	10
White tinted with rose.....	10	Reddish lilac and white.....	10
White turning to rose.....	10	Dark scarlet.....	10
White turning to blue.....	10	Light blue and white.....	10
Apple blossom.....	10	Light blue.....	10
Peach blossom.....	10	Light violet.....	10
Rose and white.....	10	Indigo or white ground.....	10
Rose tinged white.....	10	Dark blue and white.....	10
Carmine rose.....	10	Violet.....	10
Crimson and white.....	10	Brown violet.....	10
Crimson.....	10	Splendid mixture.....	10

New Dwarf Victoria, similar to the above, but of dwarf habit, mixed colors.

Victoria Needle, fine quilled Victoria Aster..... 10

## WASHINGTON ASTER.

The largest of Aster; flowers four inches or more in diameter, double, and of many distinct colors.

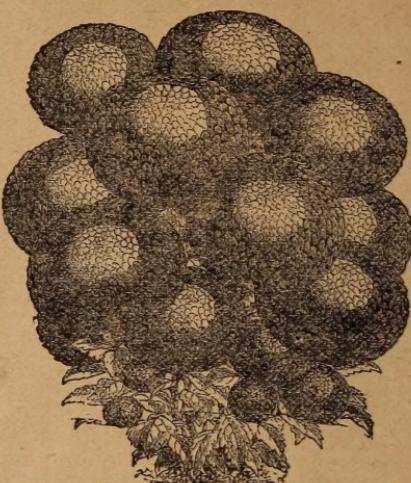
White.....	10	Carmine.....	10
White tinged with rose.....	10	Crimson.....	10
Silver gray.....	10	Light blue.....	10
Peach blossom.....	10	Splendid mixture.....	10

LARGE-FLOWERED DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM ASTER.

A superb variety. The plants are less than a foot high, producing exceedingly double, handsomely formed flowers late in autumn. The colors embrace a great range, and are mostly very brilliant. Beautiful for beds, and also well adapted for pots. One of the best. See engraving.

White.....	8	Fiery scarlet.....	8
White turning to azure.....	8	Coppery red and white.....	8
White turning to rose.....	8	Claret (needle-shaped).....	8
Flesh color.....	8	Lilac and white.....	8
Peach blossom.....	8	Red-lilac and white.....	8
Rose.....	8	Brown, red and white.....	8
Brilliant rose.....	8	Red violet.....	8
Rose and white.....	8	Purplish violet.....	8
Brick rose and white.....	8	Lilac.....	8
Carmine.....	8	Light blue.....	8
Carmine and white.....	8	Light blue and white.....	8
Brick rose.....	8	Dark blue.....	8
Crimson.....	8	Dark blue and white.....	8

The above 26 varieties in splendid mixture..... 10



COCARDEAU OR CROWN ASTER.

## QUEEN OF THE MARKET.

A new floriferous and beautiful Aster, perfectly double, and one of the most showy and useful for beds. Preferred by some to the Victoria Aster for bedding. This is the earliest of Aster, blooming three weeks before other varieties.

Crimson.....	8	White.....	8
Dark blue.....	8	Blue.....	8
Light blue.....	8	Flesh color.....	8
Rose.....	8	Reddish lilac.....	8

Splendid mixture of the above eight varieties..... 8

## COCARDEAU OR CROWN.

One of the most admired sorts. Flowers large and double, almost globular, the centre pure white, surrounded with many bright colors. See engraving.

Carmine.....	8	Light blue.....	8
.....	8	Rose.....	8
Dark violet.....	8	Red brown.....	8
Fiery crimson.....	8	Lilac.....	8

The above eight sorts in fine mixture..... 8

## OTHER VARIETIES.

Truffaut's Perfection, a splendid French Aster; plants two feet high with large double incurved flowers of many colors; mixed colors..... 8

Truffaut's Perfection, pure white.....	8
Shakes; eare, a dwarf, robust variety bearing large globular flowers of various colors.....	8
Shakespeare, black-blue, the darkest colored of Aster, very fine.....	8
Boltz's Dwarf Bouquet, mixed colors.....	8

Imbriqué Pompon, beautifully imbricated; mixed..... 5

Lilliput, a dwarf, very floriferous sort, useful for pots or the border; a fine bouquet flower; mixed.....	5
Globe flowered, large, globular flowers; fine; mixed.....	5
Comet, flowers with frilled petals, resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum; mixed.....	5
Reed's Improved Quilled, mixed.....	5

Harlequin, variegated, the petals being of different colors in the same flower; mixed..... 5

Giant Emperor, large flowers, mixed.....	5
Hedgehog, very dwarf, handsomely formed, quilled flowers, mixed colors.....	5
Goliath, immense blooms, appear well in beds, and fine for cutting, mixed.....	5
Schiller, late bouquet Aster, mixed.....	5

Dwarf German, fine, mixed..... 5

New Brilliant, a novel and attractive Aster, of branching habit; elegant double flowers, bright scarlet with pure white border; an Aster that will give great satisfaction and pleasure.....	10
White Queen Aster, superb, pure white flowers, of handsome form and perfect double; a fine Aster for cutting.....	5
Pyramidal German, beautiful, mixed.....	5

All the varieties in splendid mixture, representing about 100 sorts..... 10

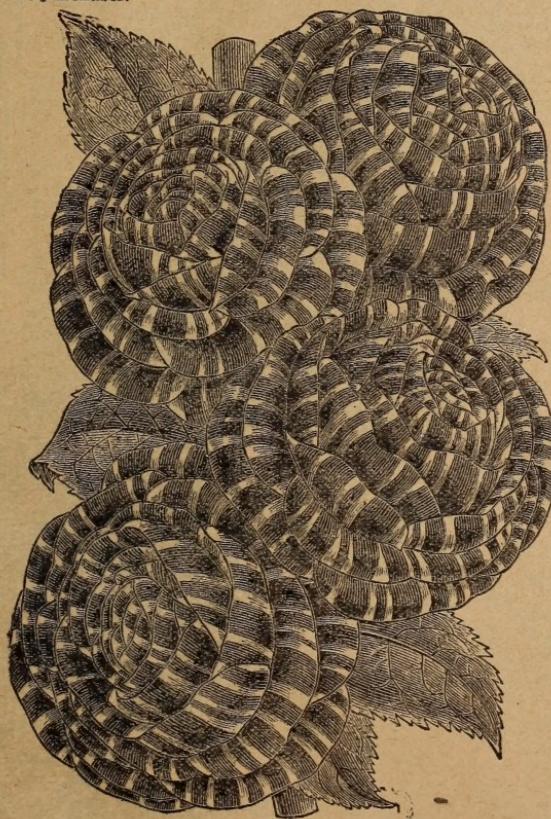
# Unrivalled Strain of Double Balsams.

The generic name of the Garden Balsam is Impatiens, referring to the sudden discharge of the seed-pods when touched. For the same reason, also, the flower is often called "Touch-me-not." We have two common native species, found in moist places, both of which grow three or four feet high and bear lovely orange and yellow flowers spotted with brown. The genus also includes Impatiens glandulifera and I. Sultana, both of which are offered and described elsewhere under the head of Impatiens. The beautiful Double Balsams all originated

from Impatiens balsamina (or hortensis), an East Indian annual introduced in 1836. The original species was single red, but by care the flowers have become as double as a Rose, and of all colors from white to deep crimson, some elegantly blotched, striped, mottled and flaked. The plants are improved by pruning. Some cut out the top and prune to five branches;



others prune off the side branches and allow the plant to develop into a tall, slender stalk. In either case the stems become a wreath of delicate, showy bloom. Left to themselves the foliage becomes so dense that the flowers do not show well. Use a sharp knife in pruning, and do not cut the branches off too close to the main stalk, otherwise the plant is liable to damp off at the wounds in wet weather. Some sorts grow tall, from two to three feet, while others grow less than a foot high. All bloom freely and continuously, and are handsome as border plants or for a low hedge. The flowers have short stems, but when taken from the plant may be satisfactorily arranged in saucers or plates. Seeds vegetate in about ten days, and the plants grow rapidly and begin to bloom early. The fragrance of the flowers attracts humming birds and insects, and adds to their charms. I have a first-class collection and my seeds are of the finest quality. All the colors are carefully proportioned in the mixtures offered, and cannot fail to please the purchaser.



## IMPROVED ROSE FLOWRED.

Pure white.....	8	Brick red.....	8
White tinged rose	8	Crimson.....	8
Pale yellow.....	8	Purple.....	8
Flesh color.....	8	Lilac.....	8
Rosy buff.....	8	Violet.....	8
Rose.....	8	The 13 varieties	
Pomegranate red	8	in splendid mixture	
Scarlet.....	8	ture.....	8

## IMPROVED CAMELLIA FLOWRED.

White reflecting	Scarlet, spotted	10	
lilac.....	10	Violet.....	10
Crimson.....	10	Violet, spotted	10
Rose, spotted.....	10	These seven fine	
Pure scarlet.....	10	sorts mixed.....	10

## DOUBLE SPOTTED.

Flesh color.....	8	Copperred.....	8
Light red.....	8	Lilac rose.....	8
Carmine rose.....	8	Dark lilac.....	8
Pomegranate red	8	Light violet.....	8
Scarlet.....	8	Violet.....	8
Copperscarlet....	8	The 12 kinds in	
Crimson.....	8	fine mixture.....	8

## CARNATION STRIPED.

White and rose..	8	White, crimson	8
White and scarlet	8	and cinnabar...	8
White and violet	8	Tricolor.....	8
Peach blossom	8	The six varieties	
and scarlet.....	8	in fine mixture	8

## OTHER SORTS.

Solferino, beautifully striped and spotted, six sorts, se arate, each	8
Solferino, splendid mixture, all sorts.	8
Atrosanguinea plenissima, rich blood red, very double.....	8
Dwarf spotted, finest mixture.....	8
The King, inten escarlet, splendid.....	8
The Queen, satiny rose, lovely.....	8
Dwarf Camelia-flowered, fine mixed..	8

**Balsam, all varieties,** a superb mixture, containing all the above sorts specially proportioned. 8

Mr. Park.—The Balsams I raised last summer from your seeds were like little trees filled with Roses. Some of them were two and a half feet high, and the flowers were very double. H. A. Ailing, Cook Co., Ill.

Mr. Park.—My Balsams were very fine last season. A double pink one was greatly admired; also a double one with pale green centre and white outer petals. Miss Comph. Monroe Co., N. Y.

Mr. Park.—When transplanting my Balsams I potted a double pink one, and it bloomed before those out-doors had budded. J. Miller, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

**LIKE SUNSHINE.**—Park's Floral Magazine comes like a beam of sunshine into my home, and is filled with bright sunbeams of thought, of flowers, and of letters from the sisters who love and cultivate flowers. Mrs. A. L. Smith, Jackson Co., Ore., Aug. 24, 1894.

**ALWAYS NEW.**—I have had Park's Floral Magazine in my family ever since 1878, and the older numbers as I re-read them always seem new, they're so full of good advice and contain so many good suggestions. I like it better than any other Magazine I ever saw. Mrs. C. D. Robbins, Washington Co., Ark.

**DELIGHTED WITH IT.**—I am delighted with Park's Floral Magazine. In every number I find something I was just wanting to know. Mrs. S. S. Kelley, Santa Rosa, Cal., Sep. 28, 1894.

*Borecole*, ornamental, mixed varieties..... 5



yield plants of the finest character.

*Bartonia* aurea, annual, California, 1834..... 5

This is a beautiful, golden cup-shaped flower, the petals shining with a rich lustre. The foliage is glaucous, handsomely cut and pretty. Likes a peaty, moist soil, and in the Eastern States should be mulched to keep the soil cool. One foot high. Sow early and thin plants till eight inches apart. This is one of the most graceful and showy of the California annuals, and is always admired in places where the plants thrive and bloom well. It is not always satisfactory, however, in the East.

*Bellis* perennials (Double Daisy), Great Britain.

Improved White	5
Red	5
Snowball, large	5
Longfellow, crimson	5
Quilled, fine	5
Finest mixed	5

The Double Daisy is a beautiful little plant for edgings, perfectly hardy, and everblooming. The Improved varieties I offer have very large, perfectly double flowers, and of all the shades. The plants bloom freely in the spring and autumn, but rather sparingly in hot weather. Fine for cemetery planting. If started in June the plants bloom well in a cool room in winter. Easily started from seeds. Those I offer

can be depended upon for the finest flowers.

*Bidens*, half-hardy perennials, Mexico, 1800.

Grandiflora, yellow..... 5

Atrosanguinea, black..... 5

Mixed colors..... 5

Easily grown perennials which bloom the first season. Not unlike the well-known Dahlia, and requires the same treatment. B. atrosanguinea has black-crimson flowers, and is often known as Black Dahlia. The flowers are showy and are prized by some persons for bouquet-making.

*Brachycome* iberidifolia, annual, Swan River, 1840.

Blue, elegant	3
White, fine	3
Mixed colors	3

Very pretty plants, eight or more inches high, bearing exquisite Cineraria-like flowers, as shown in the illustration. The flowers are about an inch across, and of charming color and texture. Sow in the nursery bed early and transplant, or else sow about corn-planting bloom, and thin out.

time where the plants are to

*Browallia* elata, annuals, Peru, 1768.

Blue	.....
White	.....
Purple	.....
Large-flowered, blue	.....
Compacta	.....
Roezl	.....
Special mixture	.....

Continuous and free-blooming annuals, charming for out-door beds, and valuable for window culture in pots. The flowers are not large, but very pretty, and are useful for cutting, as well as for display upon the plant. One of the best winter-blooming window plants in cultivation, never failing to produce its lovely flowers even under unfavorable conditions.

*Cacalia* (Senecio) sonchiflora, India, 1799.

Scarlet	3
Yellow	3
Mixed colors	3
Known as Tassel Flower and Flora's Paint Brush. Flowers brush-like on long stems. Easily grown from seeds. Useful for bouquets. The plants grow fifteen inches high. Sow in the bed where the plants are to stand, or start in boxes and transplant, setting the plants six inches apart.	.....



*Calandrina*, California, Chili, 1828 to 1831.

Burridgei, copper	.....
Speciosa, red	.....
White	.....
Discolor, rose	.....
Grandiflora, rose	.....
Umbellata, purple	.....
Special mixture	.....
Beautiful, free-blooming, succulent plants. Flowers large and attractive, and produced in racemes. Give the plants a sunny spot and dry situation. Seedlings started in spring begin to bloom in summer, and bloom till frost appears. C. umbellata is a perennial species from Peru. The mixture offered contains all sorts.	.....

*Calibrhoe*, United States mostly perennials.

Linearioloba, lilac	5
Pedata, purple	5
Involucrata, red	5
Mixed colors	5
These are vigorous plants belonging to the Mallow family. Flowers large and showy, and freely produced. In mild climates the plants withstand the winter and bloom for several years. Fine for vases.	.....



*Calendula* officinalis (Pot Marigold) S. Europe, 1573.

Large sulphur	5
Orange King	5
Large yellow	5
Meteor, striped	5
Prince of Orange, new	10
Grandiflora, new	5
Cape Marigold	5
All kinds mixed	5

These Calendulas are among the most showy and valuable of garden annuals. They start readily from seeds, bloom early, and continue in bloom till winter. The flowers are large, very double, bright and showy. For a late-blooming plant they surpass the Orysanthemum, as the frost does not injure either flowers or foliage.

*Catchfly* (Silene Armeria), hardy annual, England.

Red	3
White	3
Mixed	3
Rather pretty plants with clusters of small flowers and smooth, slender foliage. Will self sow after once introduced. Good for cutting and for mixed borders. May be sown early.	.....



## Canna--New Crozy.

The old Indian Shot, Canna Indica, was introduced from India in 1570 and during the present century dozens of species have come from South America and the West Indies. The best of these were used by a French florist in originating a new and improved class, the varieties of which are the most gorgeous and stately bedding plants in cultivation. The foliage is massive and tropical in growth, and the flowers of the most brilliant colors surmount it in great plume-like heads. I offer seeds in mixture of all the finest named varieties; yellow, scarlet and crimson, margined and spotted, and those who wish seeds of a superior quality will find these just what they want. They are all fresh and genuine, not adulterated with the older sorts, and will produce the finest large-flowered plants. No flower with which I am acquainted will give better satisfaction or greater pleasure than these Cannas, and I urge their culture.

Price per packet 10 cents, or three packets 25 cents.

**Crozy's Cannas.**—There is no disputing the utility of these Cannas. They are undoubtedly splendid acquisitions, and rapidly superseding the tall kinds once grown largely in gardens. They are good conservatory plants, being quite at home when associated with Palms and Ferns. The newer kinds have remarkably fine flowers, the segments broad and splendidly colored, the outcome of patient work on the part of M. Crozy.—The English Garden.

**Mr. Park:**—My bed of New French Cannas is grand. The plants are thrifty and the flowers rival the finest Gladiolus. A thing of more gorgeous beauty and grandeur can scarcely be conceived.—D. H. R., Minn., Aug. 21, 1893.



### Candytuft (*Iberis*) *umbellata*, Spain, 1596.

White.....	3
Lilac.....	3
Flesh.....	3
Crimson.....	3
Carmine.....	3
Dwarf, mixed.....	5
Rocket.....	5
Empress.....	5
Amaria.....	3
Special mixture.....	3



press has gorgeous spikes of pure white flowers.

### Campanula, mostly natives of Europe.

Attica, blue.....	3
Alba, white.....	3
Loreyi, bl. e.....	3
Macrostyla.....	5
Speculum.....	3
Album.....	3
Lilacina.....	3
Florepleno.....	5
Grandiflora.....	5
Alba.....	3
Procumbens.....	5
Special mixture.....	5
Charming annuals blooming in great pro- fusion. Sow early and thin to six inches apart.	
C. macrostyla bears large violet flowers. C. speculum is known as Venus's Looking-glass. C. procumbens is the trailing sort.	



### *Capsicum annuum* (Pepper), India, 1548.

Celestial, new.....	5
Golden Dawn.....	5
Little G. m.....	5
Prince of Wales.....	5
Tom Thumb.....	5
NaNum fulgens.....	5
Procop's Giant.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

**Hardy annuals.** If sown late in autumn or early in spring the plants will bloom early the next summer, producing a gorgeous sheet of flowers. Good for cutting. Among the most effective and beautiful of garden flowers. Do not transplant well, and should be sown in rows in the blooming bed and thinned to six inches apart. The new Empress has cherry-like scarlet fruits in abundance. Procop's Giant (see eng.) has tusk-like fruits about a foot long. Nanum fulgens pointed rich scarlet fruits.

### *Carduus (Silvbum) Marianus*, biennial, Europe. 5

A plant with broad, spiny, elegantly marbled foliage. A fine edging for foliage plants, readily grown from seeds. Unless pinched out, the bloom stalk will push up in autumn bearing purple thistle-like flowers. I can also supply seeds of *Carduus benedictus* at 5c. per pkt.

**Carthamus tinctorius** (Safflower), Egypt, 1551.

An annual composite, growing several feet high and bearing an abundance of yellow flowers. Safflower is an extract from the flowers, and is used by dyers. The plants are easily grown and of use for brightening autumn shrubbery, but the flowers are rather coarse in texture.



*Celosia cristata.*

Coxcomb.	Annuals.	Asia.	1570.
Orange and Rose, each.....	5		
Scarlet and Crimson, each.....	5		
Purple and Amaranth, each.....	5		
Sulphur and Violet, each.....	5		
Glasgow Prize, crimson.....	5		
Empress, bright purple.....	5		
Japonica, scarlet.....	5		
Variegata, yellow and red.....	5		
All varieties mixed.....	5		

These are showy, attractive annuals, easily raised from seeds. Only a portion of the plants produce broad, handsome combs, and these will reveal their character early, and should be given special care. The others may be thrown out. They require rich, porous soil, and a sheltered, sunny place to do well. Grown in pots and shifted often they become handsome specimens. The flowers are astringent, and much used as a medicine by Asiatic physicians.

*Celosia pyramidalis.* Annuals. East Indies. 1820.

White and Rose, each.....	5
Violet or Purple, each.....	5
Scarlet or Yellow, each.....	5
Reid's Perfection.....	5
Thompson's crimson.....	5
Plumosa, mixed.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

Known as Feathered Coxcomb, the flowers appearing in large, pyramidical, feathery tufts. Showy bedding plants, and fine in pots. Good for winter-blooming if started in pots in June. A warm, rich, porous soil suits them best outdoors. My seeds of both Crested and Feathered Coxcombs are saved only from the finest combs, and a large percentage of the plants will produce splendid, well-formed heads of bloom.

*Centaura, special mixture of all sorts.*..... 5

Cyanus, rose.....	5
Variegata.....	5
White.....	5
Black-blue.....	5
Emperor Wm.....	5
Brick-red.....	5
Light blue.....	5
Above mixed.....	5
Double mixed.....	10
Moschata, rose.....	5
White.....	5
Purple.....	5
Mixed.....	5
Americana blue.....	5
Suaveolens, vel.....	5

*Centaura cyan s* (see eng.) is one of the best hardy annuals. Easily grown, blooms continuously, and fine for bouquet. It is often called Corn-bottle. The new double-flowered is not always true from seeds. *C. moschata*, the Musk Centaurea, very pretty. *C. Americana* is known as Basket Flower. It grows freely on the mountains of Mexico, where I saw grand beds of it in its wild state. *C. suaveolens* is known as Sweet Sultan. All are desirable garden flowers.

*Dianthus macrostiphon.* All colors mixed... 5

Rose.....	3
Variegated.....	3
White.....	3
Carneus.....	3

Hardy annuals with pretty, delicate tubular flowers in clusters. Plants grow readily from seeds, and bloom profusely till after severe frosts. Very valuable for bouquets. Massed together they make a good display in a bed. Sow where plants are to stand, and thin to 8 inches apart, or transplant them to where you wish them to bloom, setting eight inches apart.

*Chenopodium fastigiatum.* Cape of Good Hope.... 5

A plant growing from six to nine inches high, neat and compact, and covered with an abundance of pinkish-white flowers. Useful for edgings or borders. Set 6 inches apart. This little plant will bear acquaintance, and those who are fond of variety should add it to their collection. In its native home it is perennial; but in our country at the North it should be treated as an annual. It is said to appear well planted in pots, also in baskets or vases. See engraving of plant.

*Chrysanthemum*, annual sorts. N. Africa. 1796.

Carinatum, rose.....	5
Dark scarlet.....	5
Burridgeanum.....	5
Eclipse, variegated.....	5
Yellow.....	5
White.....	5
Purple.....	5
Double White.....	5
Orange.....	5
The above mixed.....	5
Coronarium, white.....	5
Crimson.....	5
Double white.....	5
Yellow.....	5
Imbricatum fl. pl.....	5
Sulphureum fl. pl.....	5
The sorts mixed.....	5
Multicula, yellow.....	5
Segutum grandifl.....	5
All sorts mixed.....	5

*C. carinatum* is one of the most easily grown and satisfactory of annuals. The flowers show various rich markings as shown in the bloom illustrated, while the plant will grow anywhere, and is always covered with rich bloom as is shown in the illustration of the plant. Easily transplanted. Set a foot apart. Showy in beds. Good for cutting. *C. coronarium* is also showy, and very floriferous. Both bloom till late in autumn. *C. segutum grandiflorum* is the yellow Paris Daisy, blooming the first season from seeds.

*Chrysanthemum inodorum* fl. p., Pritain..... 5

This Chrysanthemum, a bloom and plant of which are shown in the accompanying engraving, is a very beautiful flower, desirable for beds and useful for cutting. Started early the plants bloom in autumn, endure the winter, and are a mass of mossy foliage and double white flowers the following spring. After that they die. Many of my patrons prize this flower very highly for cemetery planting as well as for use in floral designs. It is a flower that should be more popular, and I heartily recommend it.



*Cleome speciosissima.* Mexico, 1827. Hardy annual. This plant grows several feet high, bearing at the extremity of the long branches rather large, purplish-rose flowers with long stamens. The spider-like appearance of the flower has given rise to the common name of Spider flower. Set the plants a foot apart. Not a showy plant, but one worth cultivating for the sake of variety. The seeds may be sown where the plants are to bloom, or the plants may be transplanted. Set about a foot apart.

*Clarkia*. Annuals. California. 1830.



the summer. The mixture I offer is well proportioned. A foot high; should stand six inches apart.

*Clintonia*. Half-hardy annuals. California, 1831.

Elegans, blue, fine..... 5  
Pulchella, variegated..... 10  
Alba, white..... 5  
Atrocinerea, red..... 5  
Atropurpurea, fine..... 5  
Special mixture..... 5  
These are charming little plants that resemble the Lobelia in habit, but the flowers are more brilliant in color. They grow only six inches high, and are suitable for edgings, pots or baskets. The plants like a cool, moist, open situation and rich, porous soil and should stand eight inches apart. Plants started from seeds early in March will begin to bloom in June, and continue in flower till killed by frost. Treatment same as for Lobelia.

*Collomia*. Annuals. California. 1826-1846.

Bicolor, two-colored..... 3  
Candidissima, white..... 3  
Carnea..... 3  
Grandiflora, blue..... 3  
Multicolor, fine..... 3  
Marmorata..... 3  
Verna blue and white..... 5  
All the above mixed..... 5

Hardy, free-blooming annuals, easily grown from seeds sown either in the fall or spring. The flowers are mostly two-colored, and very bright and pretty. C. verna sown in autumn is one of our loveliest early flowers. This species is a native of Eastern States.

*Comonella caelestis*.

Blue, very pretty..... 5  
White, fine..... 5  
Variegated..... 5  
All colors mixed..... 5

Lovely flowers somewhat resembling *Tradescantia* in form and texture, as well as in their evanescent character. The roots are fleshy and may be kept over winter like Dahlias. The plants bloom profusely and continuously, and I have seen patches of them in their native haunts which were masses of lovely blue. The plants are hardy in the South, but require protection at the North. Seeding plants started in March will begin to bloom in summer, continuing through the season.

Pulchella, red.....	3
White, fine.....	5
Flesh color.....	3
Double mixed.....	3
Integripetala nanared	3
White dwarf.....	3
Flesh color.....	3
Marginata.....	3
Mrs. Langtry.....	3
Pulcherrima	3
Rosea grandiflora.....	3
Mixed	3
Elegans, white.....	3
Double white.....	3
Flesh color.....	3
Rose.....	3
Violet.....	3
Purple King.....	5
Salmon Queen, see eng King and Queen mix'd	10
All the above mixed.....	5

Very pretty, effective plants of easy culture. Seeds may be sown in early September, and the bed slightl' protected by covering with evergreen boughs, or may be sown early in spring when the plants will bloom during

the summer. The mixture I offer is well proportioned. A foot high; should stand six inches apart.

*Cosmea bipinnata*, annual. Mexico. 1799.

Purpurea, purple..... 5  
Rosea, rose..... 5  
Alba, white..... 5  
The varieties mixed.

Mexico is the natural home of the Cosmea, and grand masses of the flowers may be seen upon the mountains and in uncultivated regions of that country. The flowers of improved varieties are much finer than those found in a wild state. Fine for cutting. Plants easily raised from seed, which should be sown early in boxes in the house or in the hot-bed. Grow from three to five feet high, and bloom continuously throughout the autumn. My seeds are all of the improved, large-flowered varieties, and the mixture contains all the varieties.

*Cotanthiopsis* (Coreopsis). United States and Mexico.

Tinctoria, bicolor..... 3  
Nigra, very dark..... 3  
Lutea, yellow..... 3  
Marmorata..... 3  
Nana, brown..... 3  
Fistulosa..... 3  
Semi-pena..... 3  
Duumoudii..... 3  
Coronata, orange..... 3  
Vikinsonii..... 3  
Cardaminifolia..... 3  
All sorts mixed..... 3

The above are mostly hardy annuals, and the best time to sow them is in September, about the time the farmer

sows his wheat. The plants will then get a good start in autumn, and will be ready to bloom early the next season. The flowers are produced on long stems almost continuously, and appear well in masses in the garden, as well as in bouquets. Set plants six inches apart. May be sown in the spring, and will begin to bloom in autumn. Sometimes called Black-eyed Susan. Introduced about 1835.

*Cuphea*. Mostly from Mexico. 1830 to 1850.

Miniatia..... 5  
Purpurea..... 5  
Strigulosa..... 5  
Platycentra..... 5  
Mexican..... 5  
Zimapani..... 10  
Fine mixture..... 5

These all bloom the first season from seeds. C. miniatia is shown in engraving. C. platycentra is the well-known Segar plant, which blooms so freely out-doors in summer, and in the window in winter. C. Zimapani is the rare, large-flowered species. It is an annual, with flowers as large as the Sweet Pea; is a perennial blooming plant in the garden. Color, rich, deep purple. It is a plant worthy of general culture.

*Convolvulus tricolor* (minor). South Europe, 1823.

Tricolor.....	3
White.....	3
Lilac.....	3
Light blue.....	3
Dark blue.....	3
Crimson.....	3
Rosace, rose..... 3	3
Splendens..... 3	3
Stippled..... 3	3
Unicaulis..... 5	5
Double.....	5
All sorts mixed..... 3	3

Known commonly as Dwarf Morning Glory. Plants grow a foot high and the flowers are colrs of this hand-some annual.

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Rosea, rose..... 5  
Alba, white..... 5  
The varieties mixed.

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Vikinsonii..... 3  
Cardaminifolia..... 3  
All sorts mixed..... 3

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*Cosmoctintum celestium*, perennial, Missouri. 10  
 A very beautiful native flower, sometimes called Blue Eupatorium and Mist Flower. It blossoms very profusely in autumn, making gorgeous masses of feathery blue flowers. This beautiful flower was first offered to me in 1893, and it is destined to become popular, being hardy, easily grown, and always greatly admired. Sow in a box or prepared bed early, and set plants eight or ten inches apart. For a showy bed this plant excels *Ageratum*.

*Crepis barbata*, yellow-flowered.

Alba, white.....	3
Rubra, red.....	3
Dioscorides, yellow.....	3
Mixed.....	3

Hawkweed. Showy and easily grown. Set the plants eight inches apart. The yellow-flowered is larger and more vigorous than the others. The plants grow a foot high and bloom in autumn. Suitable for a mixed border, or for sowing among shrubs.

*Cynoglossum celestium*, India, 1837.

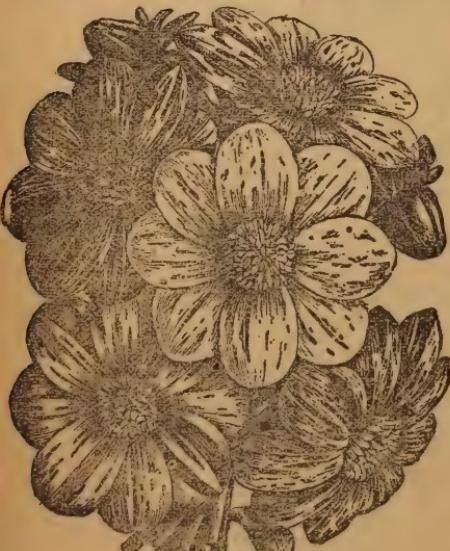
Blue.....	3
White.....	3
Mixed colors.....	3

Branching plants four feet high, very pretty blue and white flowers in great profusion in autumn. Much visited by bees. Seeds may be sown early in spring. Set the plants from fifteen inches to two feet apart. A single specimen, or a group of three plants makes a fine appearance. It is interesting to watch the "busy bees" which hum among the flowers during a bright, warm day in autumn.

*Carnation*, Margaret, finest mixture.

New Dwarf, mixed.....	10
New White.....	10

This is a lovely, fragrant Carnation, which blooms the first season from spring-sown seeds. Flowers very double and freely produced throughout the season. A very valuable member of the Pink family, and one that I can heartily recommend. Said to bloom well in winter in the house. My seeds are first-class from the originator, and will produce the finest flowers in many colors.



*Datura*, mostly from Mexico, 1639 to 1824.

Wrightii, white.....

Fastuosa f. pl., mixed.....

Chlorantha f. pl.....

Ceratocala.....

All kinds mixed.....

5

5

5

5

5

These are rather coarse plants bearing very large, trumpet-shaped flowers. *D. Wrightii* has flowers 6 inches long, of a pale lilac color, and delightfully fragrant. *D. chlorantha* f. pl. has rich yellow double flowers. *D. fastuosa* has duplex flowers as shown in engraving. All are easily grown. Sow the seeds early and transplant eighteen inches apart. In Mexico great patches of these flowers may be seen in bloom in August. Some grow in low ponds, others in sandy wastes, and still others in cultivated soil.

*Delphinium* (Larkspur), annual and perennial.

Dwarf Rocket, mixed.....

3

Tall Rocket, mixed.....

3

Pure white.....

3

Stock-flowered, mixed.....

3

Emperor, mixed.....

5

Candelabrum, mixed.....

3

Chinensis, mixed.....

5

Nudicaule, scarlet.....

5

Cashmerianum, blue.....

5

Special mixture.....

5

The annual Larkspurs do well if seeds are sown as early as the ground can be worked. Sow in rows, where the plants are to bloom, and thin till the plants are six inches apart. The Double Tail and Dwarf Rocket Larkspur above offered are very fine. The last three kinds in the above list are perennials, but bloom the first season from spring-sown seeds. *D. Formosum* and *Elatum* are offered among perennials, as they do not bloom till the second season. *D. nudicaule*, the naked-



stemmed species, bears fine scarlet flowers. *D. Cashmerianum*, the new species with Monkshood-like flowers, is shown in the small illustration; rocket Larkspur in the larger.

## CHOICE DAHLIAS.

The Dahlia is found growing wild in Mexico, from which country many species varying in growth of plant and color of flower have been introduced during the period from 1789 till 1838. When in Mexico in 1892 I had the pleasure of seeing many specimens growing in their native haunts, and some giant plants in a mountain ravine waved their gorgeous single flowers on long slender stems fourteen feet above the ground. All Dahlias were originally single, but the florists by careful hybridization have improved their form and variety of color, as well as produced the gorgeous double flowers which are so rich and beautiful. I offer selected seeds of the finest strains, both single and double. They were grown for me in California, and in Southern France, where the climate is well adapted for the perfection of the flowers and seeds. They will be found much superior to the Dahlia seeds ordinarily offered by seedsmen.

Choice Single Dahlia, Paragon, scarlet, spotted.....

25

White Queen.....

25

Coccinea, scarlet.....

25

Striped, mixed, see eng.....

10

Golden yellow.....

25

Tom Thumb, finest mixture.....

25

Choice Single Dahlia in splendid mixture.....

10

Double Dwarf Dahlias, very fine mixed.....

20

Choice Double Dahlia, Cactus, new sorts mixed.....

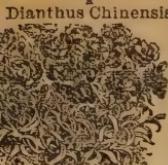
25

Choice Double Dahlias in splendid mixture.....

19

Mr. Park:—The Dahlias I raised from seed which I bought of you are now in bloom. Out of one package of seed I raised about 18 plants. There are 10 or 12 in bloom now, and so far not two alike. They are richer in color than any I ever had before. They are just beautiful.—Richard Gebele, Erie Co., Pa., Aug. 17, 1893.

## Splendid Collection of Dianthus Chinensis.



Dianthus Chinensis	was introduced from China in 1713. The flowers were then single, and of a shade of red, but florists have greatly improved the flowers in size and variety, so that we now have them double and single in form, and of all shades and markings, from white to deep crimson. The plants are usually biennial in character, blooming the first season, enduring the winter and flowering again the second year. If not allowed to become exhausted, however, they will live over the second winter and bloom the third season. Plants start readily from seeds, and soon come into bloom. They bloom freely and continuously, make a fine bed, and are prized for bouquets. Some are fringed, others plain; some distinctly variegated, others self colored. All are brilliant in color, however, and all showy. All they need is fragrance to make them faultless. The collection I offer is extensive, and the seeds are of the finest quality. The complete mixture contains all the varieties well proportioned, and will yield a wonderful assortment, double and single, tall and dwarf, all colors.
Chinensis fl. pl., extra double, mixed	5
Albus fl. pl., fine double white.....	5
Picta fl. pl., new, double, rose and white.....	5
Nanus roseus splendens fl. pl., new, dwarf, a charming variety.....	5
Hedewigii, single, superb large flowers, elegantly marked, mixed	5
Crimson Belle, rich crimson, grand sort for bedding.....	5
Eastern Queen, carmine rose with delicate tracings; charming.....	5
The Bride, white with purple centre; very pretty.....	5
Nigricans fl. pl., exceedingly dark, rich flowers and very double.....	5
Grandiflorastrata fl. pl., large flowers, handsomely striped.....	5
Grandiflorus albus plenissimus, elegant white flowers, very large.....	5
Nanus cupreus coccineus fl. pl., dwarf variety, glowing flowers.....	5
Superbus hybridus nanus, dwarf, mixed.....	5
Hedewigii fl. pl., very large double, all the finest colors mixed.....	5
Diadematus or Diadem Pink, elegant double sort, richly marked with black; one of the finest; see engraving.....	5
Diadematus, New Double Dwarf, similar to above, of dwarf habit.....	5
Atropurpureus fl. pl., dark purple.....	5
Albo Marginatus fl. pl., fine rich crimson, distinct white band.....	5
Albus fl. pl., large, double flowers, fine white, useful for cemetery.....	5
Laciniatus, extra fine single flowers large, beautifully fringed, and of most brilliant colors, mixed.....	5
Albus (Snowflake), very fine white Atropurpureus plenus, purplish crimson, double and feathery.....	5
Atrosanguineus plenus, rich crimson, very double, deeply fringed.....	5
Atrovioletaceus plenus, violet, fine Laciniatus plenus, finest double, in splendid mixture, fine for beds, beautiful for Louques.....	5
Imperialis fl. pl., finest double Imperial Pink; leading sorts mixed.....	5
Albus fl. pl., pure white, very double, fine for the cemetery.....	5
Striatus fl. pl. striped, very fine.....	5
Atrosanguineus fl. pl., double, red Rubro striatus fl. pl., red-striped.....	5
Plenissimus pictus, very double, handsomely marked flowers.....	5
Nanus fl. pl., dwarf sorts mixed.....	5
Splendid mixture of all the above.....	5



DAI DEM PINK.

The above is a faithful representation of the beautiful Diadem Pink, one of the richest and most attractive of all Chinese Pinks. The plants bloom the first season, bearing exquisite double crimson and scarlet flowers with a velvety black stripe through each petal, as represented. Choicest seed, only 5 cents per packet.



## A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

This is not a fancy Catalogue, filled with imaginative descriptions and unmerited praise of wonderful (?) strains and novelties, nor are the illustrations overdrawn and misleading. It sets forth plain facts and aims to give the reader correct ideas of the flowers offered. The publisher, however, wishes every flower-lover into whose hands it may come to distinctly bear in mind these facts:

**1st.** All the seeds offered are fresh, and of the New Crop.

**2nd.** All the seeds offered are of the best obtainable quality.

**3rd.** The mixtures are specially prepared, and the colors in them carefully proportioned. (Most dealers sell foreign mixtures, which are the odds and ends of some wholesale seed-house.)

**4th.** Every patron is fairly and honestly dealt with.

**5th.** Satisfaction is guaranteed in every respect to every patron.

Mr. Park.—Every seed of the several packages I got of you in the spring must have germinated from the looks of my seed-boxes.—M. M., Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 19, 1894.

Mr. Park.—I have elegant window plants raised from seed bought of you.—Emily V. Rice, Bradford Co., Pa., Mar. 2, 1894.

Mr. Park.—Your seed mixtures are better every year.—Mrs. M. A. E., Madison Co., Ill.

Mr. Park.—The seeds I got of you did exceedingly well.—Gertha E. Bradley, Sussex Co.

All I ask is a trial. You will find my seeds equal to any from any source, no matter how highly praised, or how high the price. Address,

GEO. W. PARK, Libonia, Franklin Co., Pa.

**Eschscholtzia**, hardy annuals. California, 1833.



Rose, fine.....	3
Double .....	3
Grandiflora .....	3
California alba .....	3
Alba, double..	3
Crocea, double..	3
Striata, striped .....	3
Double .....	3
Dentata alba .....	3
Aurea .....	3
Sulphurea .....	3
Mandarin.....	3
Tenuifolia .....	3
All sorts mixed .....	5

Hardy annuals of great beauty. The plants grow a foot high, forming a mass of finely cut foliage which is thickly set with bright, shining, Poppy-like flowers as shown in engraving. E. californica bears golden yellow flowers and has been adopted as the floral emblem of the Golden State. Easily grown. Sow where the plants are to stand and thin to eight inches apart. Where the climate is not too severe the seed should be sown in the fall, and a protection of evergreen boughs given, as the plants do much better during the cool days of early summer.

**Erigeron** (Hedge Mustard), annuals, 1833.

Arkansanum, yellow.....	3
Peroftskianum, orange.....	3
Both species mixed.....	3

Cruciferous, fragrant flowers, borne in long racemes. Sown in autumn the plants bloom well in summer. Spring-sown plants bloom in autumn. Grow a foot or more high, and are attractive in masses. The seeds may be sown in the nursery bed and transplanted, setting eight inches apart, or may be sown where the plants are to grow and thinned to the desired distance. Often called Western Wallflower. A decoction made from this plant and used as a gargle is said to be a sure remedy for sore throat.



**Eucharidium**, hardy annuals. California, 1833.

Brewer, large rose.....	5
Grandiflora, red.....	3
Album, white.....	3
Roseum, rose.....	3
All sorts mixed.....	5

Neat, free-blooming annuals, which should be sown in autumn where the winters are not too frigid, as the early-blooming plants are the finest in foliage and flowers. Sown in spring they bloom in eight weeks and keep in bloom a long time. One foot high. Set six inches apart, or sow in the bed and thin out surplus plants.

**Eupatorium** Fraseri, perennial, N. C., 1820..... 5

There are many species of Eupatorium indigenous to the United States. E. Fraseri is one of the best, showy in the garden and useful for cutting. Six or eight plants grouped six inches apart make a fine clump nearly two feet high, which becomes a mass of white flowers. E. perfoliatum is the well-known Boneset, so much prized by herb doctors as a medicine. E. riparium is the well-known greenhouse variety, sure to bloom in winter. It grows readily from seeds, but is usually started from cuttings.



**Euphorbia**, half-hardy annuals. Texas, 1811.

Variegata .....	5
Heterophylla, red.....	5
Both sorts mixed .....	5

Very showy plants when in bloom. They grow a foot high and bear small, inconspicuous flowers in clusters during autumn. These are surrounded by leaf-like tracts which become distinctly and beautifully variegated. E. variegata is a common plant in southeastern Texas, where the plants curve gracefully at the extremities, and become a snowy mass, which suggested the common name, "Mountain of Snow." E. heterophylla, or Mexican Fire Plant (see eng.) is gorgeous.

**Eutoca**, hardy annuals; California, 1834.

Viseida, rich blue .....	3
albo-striata, fine .....	3
The kinds mixed .....	3

There are several species of Eutoca, all natives of California, but E. viseida is the only one worth cultivating. It grows a foot high and bears an abundance of rich blue flowers, the centre shading to violet.

It is easily grown from seeds, which may be sown in the fall or very early in spring, the fall season being preferable in a temperate climate. Sow in an open, sunny situation, and thin the plants so they will not crowd each other in the bed; otherwise the foliage is liable to rust.

**Fenzlia** dianthiflora, California, 1833..... 5



Hardy annuals, originally called Dianthoides, as the flowers resemble Pinks, and it was also classed by some botanists as a species of Gilia. It belongs to the Phloxworts and the name Fenzlia is now generally recognized. The plant

**Gilia.** Annuals, California, 1826-1833.

Achilleaefolia	3
Alba, white	3
Californica, lipo	3
Capitata pale"	3
Littoralis, white	3
Minima corylea	3
Nivalis, white	3
Tricolor, white	3
Rose	3
Red-violet	3
Fine mixture	3
Grow one foot high, bearing attractive flowers in profusion. If sown in Septem' er the plants bloom early the next season and keep in bloom till hot weather. Sown in June the flowers begin to open in autumn and are lovely till after hard frosts. G. capitata bears its flowers in heads on long stems. G. tricolor is dwarf and bushy in habit and fine for edgings. All may be sown where plants are to bloom or the plants may be transplanted. A really beautiful and desirable annual.	



**Glaucium.** Biennials, Europe, 1802.

Corniculatum	3
Luteum, yellow	3
Both kinds mixed	3
Known as Horn Poppies. They belong to the Poppyworts, and have handsome glaucous foliage and yellow flowers. Valuable for winter beds in mild climates as they will endure much cold. Start the plants early in spring. G. luteum has foliage almost as silvery as Centaurea, while it is deeply cut and very graceful, as shown in the illustration. The flowers are large, orange-red, and very showy in a border.	

<b>Grammanthes</b> gentianoides, annuals, 1843	5
This is a charming succulent plant from the Cape of Good Hope. It forms dwarf, much-branched tufts covered with masses of bright flowers, orange red changing to deep red, with V-shaped spot at base of each petal. The seeds are small and should be started in the house in March or early April. The plant's like a rather dry, warm, sunny place. Half-hardy annuals. Set the plants four inches apart. Fine for rock-work, baskets or vases.	
Primrose-colored	12
Variegated-leaved	5
Argophyllum, single	5
californicum, fl. pl.	5
Cucumerifolius, small-flow	5
Globosus, fistulosus, double	5
Fistulosus multiflora	5
Large-leaved Giant	5
Peruviana, compact	5
Unicaulis, giant flowers	5
Henry Wilde tall, single	5
Green-centered double	5
All the above mixed	8

The above are all annuals, and the mixture will yield a great variety of plants and flowers. For a screen or large group Sunflowers are of great value, as they are vigorous, hardy, and not subject to insects, while they are always in bloom and showy. Easily grown. The flowers of H. cucumerifolius are small, and fine for the corsage.	
Our large annual sorts came from South America originally, and have been greatly improved by cultivation. The variety Unicaulis often produces flowers over two feet across, and is quite floriferous.	

from South America originally, and have been greatly improved by cultivation. The variety Unicaulis often produces flowers over two feet across, and is quite floriferous.

**Hibiscus** Africanus, hardy annual, Africa, 1826.. 3

This is a hardy annual, that delights in a light, warm soil, where it will grow two feet high, bearing attractive cream-colored flowers with brown centre. It propagates from self-sown seeds in mild climates. H. trionum is similar, but is inferior to this sort. Easily transplanted. Set eight inches apart. H. Africanus is often called Flower-of-an-Hour, because it opens in the morning on bright days, and remains open but a short time. One of the easier grown of the Malva family.

**Hunnemannia fumarifolia**, perennial, 1827.... 5

A rather elegant, erect-growing perennial, a native of Mexico, blooming the first season if started early. The plant grows two feet high, with glaucous foliage and orange flowers not unlike an Eschscholtzia, which keep in perfection for a long time. It belongs to the Poppy family. When in Mexico I found handsome blooming specimens of this fine perennial growing in waste places. Its beauty and attractiveness in its native soil was commendable and it is certainly a valuable acquisition to our list of flowers.

**Impatiens glandulifera**, Annuals, India, 1839.. 5

A handsome annual growing readily from seeds, and attaining the height of from four to six feet. The flowers, which are purple, and of the form indicated in the illustration, are produced in large, showy, drooping racemes (or clusters) at the extremity of the branches. This is a near relative of the garden Balsam and of the Zanzibar Balsam, and is a fine annual, for growing among dwarf shrubbery for autumn blooming. The "Touch-me-nots" found in our fields and meadows are not unlike this tropical species, but are not so free-blooming. They are interesting, too, coming among the earliest seedlings, and developing rapidly into giant plants with blooms and loaded seed-pods, ready to explode upon the slightest touch. They are native plants, however, too common to be sold by seedsmen.

**Ice Plant** (see *Mesembryanthemum crystallinum*)..... 3

**Jonopsis**..... acaule, Annual, Portugal..... 5

An exquisite miniature plant, adapted for rockeries, or for sowing near pathways, as it will soon establish itself and begin to bloom, forming a carpet of green and violet. It is sometimes known as Violet Cress on account of its violet, cress-like flowers. Plants grow about two inches high and form dense tufts of foliage and blooms.

**Kaukaussia ammelloides**, Cape of G. Hope, 1819.

Ammelloides, blue	3
Alba, white	3
Atroviriolacea, violet	3
Kermesina, crimson	3
Rosea, rose	3
All sorts mixed	3

Useful plants for the border or for tufts about the grounds, the plants growing compactly and bearing attractive daisy-like flowers in profusion. Valuable, also, for carpeting a bed of tall-growing plants. Sow in the spring where plants are to bloom, or start in boxes and transplant. The plants soon develop and begin to bloom.

**Lavatera trimestris**, annual, Spain, 1833.

Red.....	3
White.....	3
Rose.....	3
Mixed.....	3

This is a beautiful and showy flower of the Mallow family. It is easily grown from seeds, blooms quickly and continuously, and will grow in any sunny position. In general appearance the flowers are not unlike a small single Hollyhock, but more cup-shaped and delicate, shining with a satin-like lustre. The plants grow two feet high, and should be set a foot apart. They are clothed with

dense foliage, and make a fine low hedge or screen.

**Laya elegans**, annual, yellow..... 5

This is a dwarf, compact, easily-grown plant, which bears an abundance of large, showy yellow flowers shading to white. Set the plants eight inches apart. They do well in a bed exposed to the sun, and bloom for a long time. The general growth and habit of the plant are shown in the little engraving, but the shading of the showy flowers, not indicated, will be better appreciated when seen.

**Leptosiphon**, hardy annuals, California, 1833.

Androsaceus, mixed.....	3
Albus, white.....	3
Aureus, yellow.....	3
Densiflorus, blue.....	3
Albus, white.....	3
Luteus, yellow.....	3
Roseus, rosy.....	3
French Hybrids.....	3
Aurantiacus, orange.....	3
Special mixture.....	3

Beautiful and profuse-blooming annuals for beds or edgings. In mild climates should be sown in autumn, but in the Southern States sow as soon as possible in spring. These an-

nuals are all attractive, and never fail to please.

**Lentosyne maritima**, perennial, California..... 5

A beautiful little plant growing six inches high, and producing large, yellow flowers not unlike a Calochortus. Sow seeds in a box early and transplant to a warm, sunny bed of light soil. In the South the plants endure the winter in a dry or well-drained bed, and will bloom for several years. It is highly recommended by some for the window or conservatory, the flowers being bright, freely produced, and useful for cutting. Really good yellow flowers for winter-blooming are scarce, and this one, it is said, supplies the want very satisfactorily. If it does, it will doubtless become more popular when better known.

**Leucanthemum** (Chrysanthemum) grandiflorum, Ox-eye Daisy, Britain 5

A pretty perennial flower which has escaped cultivation and is found in the fields in certain districts. The flowers are pure white with a yellow disc, and borne till winter. Prized for bouquets and corsage. This is the latest-blooming of out-door plants. I have picked fine flowers along mountain foot paths in Pennsylvania late in December, after all other way-side flowers had disappeared.

**Limnanthes Douglasii**, annual, California, 1833... 5

A beautiful annual where the conditions for its growth are satisfactory. Seeds may be sown in autumn or early spring. Each plant forms a tuft a foot square, and a cool situation.

**Linaria**, annuals and herbaceous perennials.

Alpina, blue.....	3
Bipartita elegans.....	3
Alta.....	3
Splendens.....	3
Genistaeoia.....	5
Multipunctata.....	5
Cymbalaria, trailing.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

These are charming little plants with spikes of showy, Snapdragon-like flowers.

**L. ALPINA**. (*L. reticulata*, from the Alps, 1750), is usually biennial and very dwarf, bearing charming blue flowers. It self-sows and will often establish itself along walks. **L. bipartita** splendens grows a foot high,



**L. R. RIPARTITA**. bearing bright violet flowers. **L. reticulata** purpurea has flowers of various colors, and is charming. **L. multipunctata** has yellow spotted flowers in great profusion. **L. cymbalaria** is the well-known Kenilworth or Kentucky Ivy, which is unsurpassed as a basket plant for a sunless window. All are easily grown from seeds.

**Linum grandiflorum**, North Africa (Algeria), 1820.

Rubrum, red.....	3
Roseum, rose.....	3

Mixed colors.....

Scarlet Flax. If protected from frost these plants are perennial, but we usually treat them as annuals. The flowers are showy and pretty. Sowings may be made from March till June, and thus a succession of the flowers may be had throughout the season. Sown in pots in summer and the plants plunged in a sunny border and kept watered the plants may be transferred to the window or conservatory before frost, and will bloom during October and November. For Linum perenne, see list of Biennials and Perennials.

**Lupinus**, found in many countries.

Altissimus, blue.....	3
Albo-coccineus.....	5
Crukshankii.....	5
Hartwigii, mix'd.....	3
Hirsutus, mix'd.....	3
Red.....	3
Hybridus, red.....	3
Duplex.....	5
Superbus.....	3
Atrocoeruleus.....	3
Mutabilis, mix'd.....	2
Sub-carnosus.....	3
Special mixture.....	3

Perennials and annuals. Flowers in gorgeous spikes and often of a beautiful blue color. **L. sub-carnosus** is a native of Texas, and bears large, pea-shaped flowers in clusters. **L. atrocoeruleus** is exceedingly handsome, the flowers being brilliant crimson-scarlet with white tip, and produced in grand spikes. **L. hirsutus** has odd seeds and is often called Old-man's-face. Sow where the plants are to bloom.

## Splendid Collection of Lobelias.

Lobellas are beautiful, low-growing plants for beds, edgings, vases and baskets. The flowers are small, but rich in color, and borne in wonderful profusion. The seeds are diminutive, and should be sown over the surface of well prepared soil. They germinate in eight or ten days. Shade well after sowing until the plants are firmly established, then set the plants six inches apart, where they are to bloom.

### COMPACT VARIETIES.

These grow from 4 to 6 inches high, forming a dense, globular mass of flowers. They are especially adapted for beds and edgings.

*Crystal Palace compacta*, very dwarf; rich blue, blooms freely..... 10

*Prima Donna*, new; rich maroon, beautiful..... 10

*White Gem*, new; the best dwarf white variety..... 10

*Mazarin Gem*, fine blue..... 5

*Bicolor*, blue and white..... 5

*Kermesina*, crimson..... 5

*Distinctio*, rosy white..... 5

*Pumila grandiflora*, large flowers, dwarf plant..... 5

*Star of Ischl*, deep azure, true, Compact varieties mixed..... 5

### SPREADING VARIETIES.

These are best adapted for baskets and vases, and for large beds or edgings, being more loose and spreading in growth than the preceding.

*Speciosa*, said to be the finest of all; intense dark blue with clear white spot; dark foliage..... 5

*Speciosa alba*, white flowers, Paxtoniana, pure white with sky blue belt..... 5

*Grandiflora*, flore duplice, double, about 50 per cent. of the plants true from seeds, 10

*Gracilis*, rose, white and blue, each..... 5

*Superb mixture*, embracing all the varieties catalogued, 10



NEW FRENCH HYBRID LOBELIA.

## Elegant Lychnis.

Although *Lychnis Haageana* is a plant rarely met with, yet its large and brilliant-colored flowers make it an object of attraction and admiration wherever cultivated. The plants are perennial, and will grow and bloom for years if not allowed to exhaust their vitality in blooming and bearing seed. They bloom well, however, the first season. The new varieties are much superior to the old ones, the flowers being larger, and of a greater range of colors. Our engraving but poorly represents a plant of the improved *Lychnis Haageana grandiflora*. We offer this grand flower with pleasure, because we believe everyone who purchases it through our recommendation will thank us for calling their attention to it.

### VARIETIES OF *L. HAAGEANA GRANDIFLORA*.

<i>Vermillion</i> ,	10	<i>Carminea</i> ,	10
<i>Sennio striata</i> , striped,	10	<i>Flesh color</i> ,	10
<i>Sieboldii</i> pure white,	10	<i>Lilac</i> ,	10
<i>Copper color</i> , peculiar color,	10	<i>Scarlet</i> ,	10
All the varieties mixed,	10	<i>Cinnabar</i> ,	10

carefully proportioned..... 10

The above are all true, large-flowered varieties—not imitations, such as are palmed off by some seedsmen. Besides the above we also have

### OTHER VARIETIES OF LYCHNIS.

*Alpina*, a miniature species, rose-colored flowers, very pretty..... 5

*Chalcedonica*, bright scarlet,..... 5

*Carnea*, flesh-color,..... 5

*Flore albo*, white,..... 5

*Mutabilis*, (*Cuprea*),..... 5

*Fulgens*, brilliant scarlet..... 5

*Grandiflora gigantea*..... 5

The above seven kinds mixed,..... 5

*Complete mixture*, including all varieties, new and old, catalogued above,..... 10

Mr. PARK:—My Scarlet Lychnis has bloomed, and it is beautiful. I always liked the Lychnis.

Mrs. Saunders, Hartford Co., Conn.

Mr. PARK:—We have had the Scarlet Lychnis *L. chalcedonica*, for years, and I knew, when a girl, that it was lovely. I would not be without it for anything. Sadie Beatty, Crawford Co., Pa.



PLANT OF IMPROVED LYCHNIS.

## The Most Exquisite of Fragrant Flowers.

*Nicotiana affinis*.—This is a night-blooming plant growing about two feet high, and blooming throughout the season. The flowers are tubular, white, profusely borne, and delightfully fragrant. We know of no garden flower yielding a more agreeable odor. A few plants will perfume the whole yard or garden. Easily grown from seeds. Only 5 cents per packet.

Grows Better Every Month.—Mr. Park: The Magazine grows better every month. Nellie Cary, Me.

*Speciosa* blue King, fine blue, 5  
Spreading varieties, mixed, 8

### TALL VARIETIES.

These grow from 6 to 12 inches high, bear large flowers, and are valuable for pot culture or for mixed borders.

*Ramosa*, blue,..... 5

White,..... 5

Rose,..... 5

Mixed,..... 5

### PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

These flower the first season if sown early. They are hardy, and will bloom well for several years. They grow from 1½ to 3 feet high, and are excellent for the garden border, or for planting among shrubbery. *L. cardinalis* is our native Cardinal Flower, so much admired for its rich scarlet color. This species has been greatly improved by French florists and is offered below under the term of French Hybrids.

*Queen Victoria*, brown foliage, scarlet flowers; 2 feet high..... 5

*Cardinalis*, Cardinal flower, scarlet flowers; 2 feet high,..... 5

New French Hybrids, immense spikes of large, dazzling scarlet flowers; bloom for a long time; 3 feet high. One of the most showy and beautiful perennials in cultivation. See engraving..... 10

**Malope.** Hardy annuals, South Europe. 1808.



many other valuable flowers. On my trip through Mexico a year ago I was surprised to find so many wild flowers, members of this family, showy and free-blooming plants, too, that have not yet been introduced.

**Malva.** Natives of various countries. 1573 to 1840.

Crispa, see eng.....	5
Hastata.....	10
Mauritanica, rose.....	5
Miniatia, scarlet.....	5
Moschata, rose.....	5

Alba, white.....

Tue above mixed... 5

These are all of easy cultivation. *M. crispa* grows five feet high, with crisp, ruffled leaves which keep their green color till winter. Fine for a hedge or for use with foliage plants. *M. hastata* is a new and handsome sort. *M. Mauritanica* is fine for winter-blooming as well as for summer. *M. moschata* is a hardy perennial, but blooms the first year. It grows a foot high, bearing masses of musk-scented flowers. All are showy and interesting garden flowers, and will repay culture.



**Marigold** (*Tagetes*). Mexico. 1573 to 1826.

African, double, tall quilled varieties, mixed.....

Double, tall flat-petaled sorts, mixed.....

Dwarf, quilled and flat petaled, mixed.....

All the African sorts mixed.....

French, double, large-flowered.....

Double striped and spotted.....

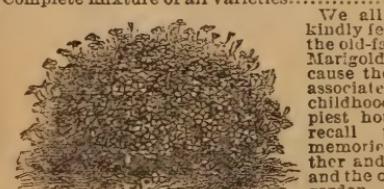
Tall varieties mixed.....

Dwarf varieties mixed.....

*Lucida*, sweet-scented.....

*Tenuifolia*, Golden Ring.....

Complete mixture of all varieties.....



**GOLDEN RING MARIGOLD.** as they were years ago, but are much improved in some ways. I can supply the French and African sorts in colors, tall and dwarf, as I have a complete collection. The mixtures, however, are carefully prepared, and are preferred by most buyers. The names African and French are misleading, as both these species came from Mexico. The species *Lucida* is common also in Mexico, where the blooming plants appear as sheets of gold during August. Golden Ring, shown in the engraving, is a grand edging plant, the foliage being delicate and handsome, and the flowers bright and very profuse. All the seeds offered are of the finest quality. All the Marigolds begin to bloom early and continue to bloom throughout the season. The tall sorts are fine for groups, edged with the dwarf sorts. The foliage of *Tenuifolia* has a pleasant, spicy fragrance.

**Martynia**, annuals, 1730 to 1840.



Lutea, yellow, Brazil .....	5
Fragrans crimson, Mexico .....	5
Proboscidea, lavender, Am. .....	5
All species mixed.....	5

Easily grown plants, one and a half feet high, bearing large, *Gloxinia*-shaped, elegantly spotted flowers. Chip the seeds before sowing. Green seed-pods of *M. proboscidea* are prized by some for pickling. This species once introduced by the roadside will perpetuate itself, as animal do not relish the foliage and leave the plants alone.

**Matricaria.** Feverfew (*Chrysanthemum*), China.

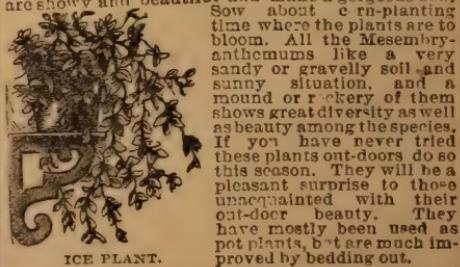
<i>Capensis</i> alba plenissima, the finest Fe. erew, pure white, very double, see eng..	5
<i>Exim</i> a fl. pl., white	5
Large-flowered	5
Tom Thumb fl. pl.	5
All varieties mixed	5
These are all Feverfew, excellent blooming plants, and good for cutting. They are easily raised from seeds, which may be sown in fall or spring, the plants when well started enduring much frost and considerable neglect. Set plants eight inches apart. Good for a border and for planting in shrubbery. Prized by some for cemetery planting. The engraving shows how profusely the flowers are produced. If cut freely to prevent seeding the blooming season will be considerably prolonged.	

**Mesembryanthemum** (Fig Marigold), 1775.

<i>Cordifolium</i> variegatum.....	5
<i>Crystallinum</i> , Ice Plant.....	5
<i>Glaucra</i> , smooth, yellow.....	5
<i>Pomeridianum</i> , golden yellow.....	5
<i>Tricolor</i> , pink.....	5
Alba, white.....	5
All the varieties in fine mixture.....	5

*M. crystallinum*, the well-known Ice Plant, comes from Greece, and is so named because the stems and leaves appear as if covered with transparent crystals. The plants grow well out-doors, or in vases indoors, and will often attain the height of three feet. *M. Pomeridianum* bears golden yellow flowers, and is illustrated in the little engraving. The varieties of *M. tricolor* are showy and beautiful and make a gorgeous bed.

Sow about a month before planting time where the plants are to bloom. All the Mesembryanthemums like a very sandy or gravelly soil and sunny situation, and a mound or rockery of them shows great diversity as well as beauty among the species. If you have never tried these plants out-doors do so this season. They will be a pleasant surprise to those unacquainted with their out-door beauty. They have mostly been used as pot plants, but are much improved by bedding out.



ICE PLANT.

**Medicago.** Annuals, Europe, 1630 to 1820.



Decandolleana ..... 5  
Echinus, Hedgehog ..... 5  
Turbinata, top-like ..... 5  
Denticulata ..... 5  
All kinds mixed... 5

These are valuable for their curious fruits which always excite attention. Some of the forms are shown in the illustrations. They are all annuals easily grown. They are Leguminous plants mostly of trailing habit, and like sandy soil and a sunny situation.

**Mimosa pudica,** annual, Brazil, 1638 ..... 5

A curious annual with compound leaves which droop and wither when touched by the hand, but soon regain their erect form. It is grown in pots as an ornamental plant, and as a curiosity. The handsome foliage and the peculiar white flowers are shown in the illustration. Easily grown from seeds. This plant belongs to the natural order Leguminosae, and is a near relative of Cassia and Acacia, which plants it resembles.

**Mimulus.** Chili, California, 1759 to 1833.



Abus, white..... 5  
Cardinalis grandiflora..... 5  
Roseus superbus..... 5  
Cupreus, -rilliant..... 5  
Prince Bismarck..... 5  
Hybridus grandiflora..... 5  
Nobilis, duplex, striped..... 5  
Tigrinus, spotted..... 5  
Rubro maculatus..... 5  
Duplex..... 5

White groundied, fine..... 5  
Du lex..... 5  
Quinquevulnerus..... 5  
Moschatus, musk..... 5  
Compactus, dwarf..... 5  
All varieties mixed..... 5

Monkey Flowers. Trailing plants coming quickly from seeds and blooming freely, the flowers being

large and handsome. Elegant for pots or baskets. M. Moschata, the well-known Musk plant, bears yellow flowers with a musk-like odor. It is a hardy perennial in the South. M. Cupreus is hardy in sheltered places as far north as New York.

**Mignonette** (*Ressia odorata*), Italy, 1752.

Common Sweet, oz. 10c... 5  
Grandiflora large-flowers..... 5  
Golden Queen ..... 5  
Crimson Queen ..... 5  
Victoria, new ..... 5  
Miles Spiral ..... 5  
Matchet, for pots ..... 5  
Erecta pumila ..... 5  
Giant Pyramidal ..... 5  
Fine mixture of all sorts ..... 5

Not showy but delightfully fragrant flowers. Like a sunny place. Matchet and Erecta pumila are fine for pots. If trained and the blooms are cut freely the plants will grow and bloom in pots for years. In garden culture treat as annuals. Flowers valuable for cutting, also for bee-pasture.

**Myosotis.** Herbaceous perennials, 1800 to 1846.



Azorica, blue.... 5  
Alba, white.... 5  
Coelestina ..... 5  
Palustris, true..... 5  
Semperflorens.  
Blue ..... 5  
Dissitifolia, fine ..... 5

Fine mixture.... 5  
Forget-me-nots. Highly prized because of their clusters of exquisite little flowers. Give the plants a moist, shaded place. If grown in pots in water. In dry soil summer set them in saucers of water, exposed to the full rays of the sun the plants soon turn brown and dry up.

**Mirabilis.** Perennials, Mexico, 1590 to 1824.

Jalapa, mixed ..... 5  
Twelve colors, each ..... 5  
Folis variegatis, mix'd ..... 5  
Seven colors, each .. 5  
Tom Thumb, mixed ..... 5  
Longiflora, white ..... 5  
Violet ..... 5  
Mixed ..... 5

Multiflora ..... 5

Complete mixture..... 5

Four-o'clocks. Continuous blooming plants, the flowers showy, fragrant and beautiful. Easily propagated from seeds. The roots may be preserved like Dahlias. The Dwarf varieties are fine for edging. The delicacy, brilliancy and profusion of the flowers, as well as their fragrance and continuous blooming make them popular favorites. As a low hedge plant, or for a background of a long border the plants are appropriate. They will grow in any good, rich soil in an exposed situation.

**Moluccella.** Syria, 1570 to 1820.

Levi, smooth..... 5  
Spinosa, spiny..... 5  
Mixed ..... 5

These are hardy plants, often known as Molucca Balm or Shell-flower, because of the large shell-like calyx. Grow two feet high and make vigorous specimens, attractive on account of their curious flowers. Sometimes cut and dried for winter ornaments. The Molucca Balm is a member of the Mint family and is one of the curious plants cultivated by our grandmothers. It is not now so well known, but attracts attention wherever cultivated.

**Nemophila.** California, 1831 to 1848.

Atomaria ..... 3  
Holborn, blue ..... 5  
Craiboides ..... 3  
Iola nigra ..... 3  
Oculata ..... 3  
Discoidalis ..... 3  
Elephant ..... 3  
Marmorata ..... 3  
Vittata ..... 3  
Insignis, spotted ..... 3  
Alba, white ..... 3  
Marzinata ..... 3  
Striped ..... 3  
Maculata ..... 3  
Grandiflora ..... 3  
Purpurea ..... 3  
Fine mixture... 5

Mostly annuals of dwarf habit, with pretty foliage and showy, delicate flowers, often exquisitely spotted. Sow in September and protect the bed with a covering of evergreen boughs, or sow early in spring. The plants like a partial shade and a cool, moist situation. The seeds are as large as Radish seeds, and are easily started. Thin plants to five inches apart. N. discoidalis is a herbaceous perennial.

**Nemesia.** Annuals, Cape of Good Hope.

Floribunda, white..... 5  
Versicolor ..... 5  
Mixed colors ..... 5

These grow eight or ten inches high, bearing spikes of Linaria-like flowers, delicate and handsome. Sow early in spring where the plants are to bloom and thin to six inches apart, or sow in boxes and transplant. A new variety, N. strumosa, has been introduced, but has far none of the seeds I have sown germinated. The other sorts, however, are easily started from seeds.

**Vigella.** Hardy annuals, Europe, Asia, 1570 to 1620.

Damascena ... 3  
Alba fl. pl.... 2  
Nana fl. pl.... 3  
Hispanica... 8  
White..... 2  
Purple..... 2  
Fine mixture... 3  
Sown in fall or early in spring they make a lovely bed. Sow where plants are to bloom. They propagate from self-sown seeds.

*Nterembergia*, South America, 1832.



Frutescens, lavender..... 5  
Gracilis, lilac..... 5  
Both kinds mixed..... 5

These are allied to Petunias, and when in bloom are among the most attractive and admired of our garden flowers. Sow in boxes early and transplant to eight inches apart. Plants that fail to bloom may

be lifted and will make good conservatory plants.

*Nicotiana*, North and South America, 1570 to 1837.

Athina, white.....	5
Colossea, large foli.....	15
Suaveolens, white.....	5
Decurrents, white.....	5
Atropurpurea.....	5
Acutifolia.....	5
Tabacum, fol. var. 10	10
All sorts mixed.....	10

The various kinds of Tobacco, *N. tabacum* were introduced from America in 1570, but the ornamental species were not introduced till later. *N. athina* is a first class flower for either garden or window, being a constant and profuse bloomer, and the flowers showy and delightfully scented. *N. macrophylla*, *N. colossea* and *N. tabacum* are all valuable as semi-tropical plants, the growth being vigorous and the foliage broad and heavy.

*Nolana*, Chili and Peru, 1825 to 1834.

Atriplicifolia, blue.....	3
Grandiflora, blue.....	3
Alba, white.....	3
Lanceolata cornuta.....	3
Paradoxa violacea.....	3
All kinds mixed.....	3
Prostrate hardy annuals, suitable for rock-work, vases and baskets. The flowers are rather large, in form like a Morning Glory, and profusely borne. Sow the seeds where the plants are to grow, in an open, warm situation. All the kinds are included in the mixture offered.	

*Nycterntia*, Cape of Good Hope.

Selaginoides.....	5
Capensis.....	5
Mixed.....	5
Pretty half-hardy annuals, forming masses of charming autumn flowers, white with orange centre. Start the seeds in boxes in the house early, and transplant to a sunny border. They are valuable for autumn blooming, forming a sheet of color and emit a delicious perfume at night. The flowers are not large, but produced in dense clusters.	

*Obeliscaria* (*Rudbeckia*), North America.

Pulcherrima.....	3
Speciosa.....	3
Amplexicaulis.....	3
Mixed.....	3

These are very showy hardy perennials, blooming the first year if sown early. Flowers bright yellow with cone-like colored disc. *N. speciosa* branches freely. Planted in a bed with Stock-flowered Larkspurs they appear well, as the delicate green foliage of the Larkspurs displays their bright colors to advantage.

and is beautiful in autumn. Planted in a bed with Stock-flowered Larkspurs they appear well, as the delicate green foliage of the Larkspurs displays their bright colors to advantage.

*Enothera* (Evening Primrose) America.

Acaulis, white.....	5
Fraseri, yellow.....	5
Odorata, yellow.....	5
Lamarckiana.....	3
Missouriensis.....	5
Rosea (Mexicana).....	5
Taraxacifolia.....	5
All sorts mixed.....	5

Very showy plants, mostly biennial and perennial, but blooming the first year from spring.



*Oxalis* (Wood Sorrel), mostly from Cape of G. Hope.

Floribunda, rose.....	5
Alba, white.....	5
Rosea, see eng.....	5
Alba, white.....	5
Delicata.....	5
Sensitiva.....	5
Tropaeoloides.....	5
All kinds mixed.....	5

Valuable plants for pots and baskets. *O. floribunda* is the well-known kind for pots. *O. rosea* is a superb basket plant, blooming in great profusion. *O. sensitiva* has foliage sensitive to the touch. *O. tropaeoloides* has brown foliage, and is used in bedding to make a dark groundwork. All are easily raised from seed. The mixture contains all

the varieties, and will give satisfaction.

*Oxyrrhiza chrysanthemoides*, California..... 3  
A composite hardy annual, less than a foot high, bearing yellow flowers in abundance. Sow in autumn and thin the plants. Looks well in borders.

*Palava flexuosa*, annual, Chili..... 5

A Mallow-like plant with rosy purple flowers an inch in diameter. The plants grow eighteen inches high. Start the seeds in a hot bed, or in widow boxes early in spring, and transplant to a warm, sunny border when danger from frost is past. Set from eight to ten inches apart they make a handsome bed and bloom for a long time. The plants appear in from five to seven days. Give protection when sown out doors.

*Parsley* (*Carum Petroselinum*), Greece.....



No plant makes a finer green edging than the new Edging Parsley. The dense foliage is as delicate and beautiful as Fern, while it retains its beauty throughout the season. Fine for culinary work.

# PARK'S CELEBRATED LARGE PANSIES.

The Pansy (*Viola tricolor*) has been cultivated in English gardens for centuries, and its origin is not definitely known. It is one of the most beautiful and prized of our garden flowers, modest, fine in texture, rich in color, showy, and produced continuously. The plants are easily grown from seeds, come into bloom early, endure the winter, and are found in bloom again almost with the Crocus. Planted in a sunken bed at the side of the house and covered with a sash the plants will bloom throughout winter in a northern climate. In the South the plants bloom most satisfactorily in winter and should be started so as to come into bloom in autumn. Much attention has been given to improving the Pansy lately, and the flowers are now of immense size, and the colors greatly diversified, many odd and beautifully variegated. Park's Premium Pansies have become well known among flower-folks for their superior size and varied and exquisite colors, and they are again offered with confidence to lovers of fine Pansies. I also offer an improved strain under the name of Park's Giant-flowered Pansies. These are of wonderful size, and all I ask is a trial and comparative test to convince the flower grower that they are unsurpassed by any other strain in size and beauty. The mixtures offered contain all the varieties carefully proportioned, and will be a surprise to those who are unacquainted with the finer Pansies.



## Park's Giant Pansies.

Aurikel, very large flowers with rare and beautiful shadings .....	10
Bright Golden Yellow, fine for beds .....	10
Canary Bird, yellow, large dark blotch .....	10
Cardinal, flowers of ordinary size, but of brownish scarlet with black blotch on lower petals .....	10
Coal Black; intensely dark; odd .....	10
Insignis, pure white; the lower petals marked with intense violet spots .....	10
New Bizarre, the finest of all variegated and striped Pansies; plants of strong growth, and bear enormous flowers of striking variegations .....	10
Nigrescens, very dark blue; handsome .....	10
Ne plus ultra, various colors, each petal showing a large dark blotch .....	10
Peacock, fine bright colors .....	10
Royal Purple, rich purple, good for bedding; very showy .....	10
Violet King, intense purple-violet, the upper petals shading to white .....	10
Victoria, flowers of moderate size and blood-red color .....	10
Ultramarine, splendid ultramarine blue with rich purple eye .....	10
Park's Giant Pansies in complete mixture, including all the varieties in careful proportions .....	10

## Park's Premium Pansies.

The following are the finest varieties of Pansies in cultivation, the flowers being large and freely produced. The seeds equal those sold by many dealers at 25 and 50 cents per packet. They are only surpassed by Park's Giant Pansies offered above. Those marked with a star (\*) are fine for beds.

Atropurpurea, dark purple .....	5
Pelargoniflora .....	5
Auriculiflora, bronze margined rose .....	5
*Azure blue, fine shade .....	5
Black-blue, very dark .....	5
Black-tinted Golden Bronze, new and brilliant .....	5
Black with bronze centre .....	5
Bronze colored, rich bronze .....	5
Brown-red, a rare shade .....	5
*Candidissim., pure white .....	5
*Clivedens purple .....	5
White .....	5
Yellow .....	5
Deep Slate-blue, odd and handsome .....	5
Delicate, porcelain blue, white eye .....	5

Red Shades, various shades of red .....	5
Rose marbled, very handsome .....	5
Rubra, redish shades .....	5
Schneewittchen, pure white .....	5
large and fine .....	5
Silver-edged, dark purple with distinct white edge .....	5
Slate blue, peculiar color of slate .....	5
Striped and mottled, a fine sort .....	5
Violet margined white, very fine .....	5
*White with dark eye, showy .....	5
*Yellow with dark eye, showy .....	5
Yellow Gem, pure yellow, beautiful .....	5
Splendid mixture, including seeds of all the varieties, in careful proportion .....	5

Emperor Frederick, new .....	5
*Emperor William, rich ultramarine, purplish eye .....	5
English Showy Pansies, extra fine mixed .....	5
Fawn-color, odd and handsome .....	5
Fire Dragon, extra .....	5
Fire King, golden yellow, upper petals purple, very showy .....	5
Gloriosa, velvety purplish-violet Gold-margined, very attractive .....	5
Havana-brown, a peculiar shade .....	5
Imperial Large-flowered French, splendid mixed .....	5
*King of Blacks, fine coal black Large-flowered Striped, beautifully striped .....	5
Light blue, a beautiful variety .....	5

One package of each of the fifty varieties named, together with PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE one year, will be sent on receipt of \$2.00.

Mr. Park.—My bed of Pansies from your seeds astonished the neighbors. I never saw anything like it. The florists of our town could not beat them. Mrs. M. S. Kochenderfer, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Mr. Park.—Schneewittchen is a most beautiful white Pansy. All my Pansies were fine, and everyone speaks of them as being the largest and handsomest they ever saw. Mrs. M. E. Barton Co., Mo.



**Palafoxia Hookeriana.** Mexico, annual..... 5  
 Plants grow a foot high bearing in loose clusters handsome pink flowers. A good plant for massing or for a long border or row. Give it a warm, sunny place and sandy soil. This flower belongs to the Compositae, and is one of the easily grown flowers rarely seen in gardens. Sow where the plants are to bloom, when danger from frost is past, or sow in boxes and transplant. Set eight inches apart.

**Papaver** (*Pavaper*). The following are annuals:

Paeonia-flowered, lilac see eng	3
Black, very dark.....	3
Scarlet with violet.....	3
Scarlet with white.....	3
Yellow, sulphur.....	3
Pale Rose.....	3
White with rose.....	3
Dark scarlet with violet.....	3
Ash gray.....	3
White.....	3
Tile red with white.....	3
Dark lilac with red-brown.....	3
All colors mixed.....	3
Murselli, mix-d.....	3
Rhodæas, double, mixed.....	3
Shirley, finest mixed.....	3
Hookeri, single, mixed.....	3
Somniferum, Opium Poppy, mixed.....	5
Twelve separate colors, each.....	10
New Double Dwarf, six colors, mixed 10c. each.....	10
Danebrog, red with white blotches.....	5



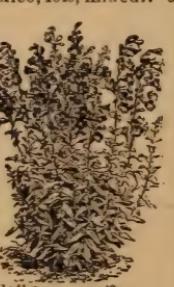
Glaucum.....	10
Mikado.....	10
Alpinum, mixed.....	10
Giganteum.....	10
Mephisto.....	5
Umbrosum.....	5
Double.....	5
Carnation-flowered, mixed.....	5
Complete mixture of all the above sorts.....	5

Poppies are among the most showy of our garden flowers, and will grow almost anywhere out-doors with the most meagre attention. The seeds should be sown where the plants are to bloom, either in September or early in spring. Plants started in autumn bloom earlier and do better than those sown in spring. All are gorgeous in masses. *P. umbrosum* looks well upon the rear lawn, or where the grass is not cut too freely, the scarlet flowers making a fine contrast with the green of the landscape.

Mr. Park:—My Poppies from seed purchased of you were lovely. Both single and double in every conceivable shade of red, lovely pure white ones, white tinged with pink, red edged with white, brown, brown and white, and one blue one. Everyone admired them. Alice Stueman, E'khart Co., Ind.

**Pentstemon gentianoides.** Mexico, 1846, mixed.. 5

Pentstemons are mostly classed among plants bloom ing the second year, but the one here offered is an exception, if the seeds are sown early in a box in the window or conservatory. They are elegant, free-blooming plants, delight ing in a loose, rich soil. If the bed is raised so as to be well drained, the plants will endure the winter and bloom the following season. The seeds offered are of the large-flowered hybrids, and will yield flower- cemes of bloom. They come in many colors, all of which are represented in our mixture. For other varieties see our list headed "Biennials and Perennials" on page 29.



**Perilla**, ornamental-leaved, hardy annual.

Nankinensis, red fol..	3
Laciniatus, see eng..	3
Macrophylla crispa..	5
Folis variegatis.....	5
All sorts mixed.....	5

Handsome foliage plants, the leaves mostly a rich wine color. Plants grow readily from seeds, which should be sown early in boxes in the house to be ready for bedding. They are useful for groups or for planting in lines or blocks with other foliage plants. The new variegated leaved Perilla does not always come true from seeds, but when it

**Polyaonum Orientale.** Annual, East India..... 5

One variety.  
Folis variegatis..... 10  
Mixed varieties..... 5  
 An old fashioned garden flower. The plants in rich soil will grow ten feet high, bearing broad, handsome foliage, and from June till frost long drooping spikes of rich crimson flowers. As a single specimen it is elegant, and never fails to elicit much praise. The new variegated-leaved sort is said to be an attractive novelty. Once introduced these plants usually self-sow and appear every year, although they never become troublesome.

**Phacelia.** Annuals, United States, 1835.

Congesta, blue.....	3
Tenaceifolia.....	3
Campanularia.....	5
Paryii, blue.....	5
All kinds mixed.....	5

Easily grown annua ls, a foot high, with clusters of blue flowers. Both foliage and flowers are handsome, the latter desirable for bouquets. The plants appear well massed together, and should stand only five inches apart. They come quickly into bloom, and remain in bloom a long time. The flowers are prized by bee-keepers as honey-producers.

**Physalis alkekengi.** perennial, South Europe... 5  
 This is a fine ornamental plant, growing about eighteen inches high, of branching habit. They bloom and bear fruit in autumn, and are showy on account of the persistent scarlet calyx which encloses the flower and fruit. It retains its beauty during winter, and is a valuable pot plant. When planted out the seeds should be sown early in boxes, to have plants for autumn decoration.

**Podolepis.** Annuals, New Holland, 1826.

Aethnis, yellow.....	3
Chrysanthus.....	3
Graci, is varied.....	3
A. sorts mixed.....	5
These are free-blooming plants a foot or more high, with bright, daisy-like flowers upon scaly stems. They bloom profusely from June till October. Good for cutting. Give the plants a warm,	

sunny border of light soil. Very showy.

**Portulaca.** Half-hardy annuals, Chili, 1827.

Rose-flowered.....	5
White striped.....	5
Rose striped.....	5
Yellow striped.....	5
Rose colored.....	5
Crimson.....	5
Yellow.....	5
Scarlet.....	5
Straw-colored.....	5
Complete mixture.....	5
Single varieties in all the above colors, separate or mix-d..	3

The Portulaca is one of the most useful and beautiful of our summer blooming annuals. The flowers are large and brilliant, and the dwarf, succulent plants begin to bloom early and continue in bloom throughout the season. They are gorgeous in beds or mounds, and the plants are readily raised from seeds sown where the plants are to bloom early in spring; or they may be started early in the house and transplanted. If a bed is sown about midsummer the plants will make a surprising display in autumn. The seeds I offer are of the best quality and the mixtures carefully prepared.

Mr. Park:—The Double Portulacas were lovely. They were so large and double they looked like Roses. Mrs. Minerva Newell, Geauga Co., O.

Mr. Park:—My Portulacas sow themselves every year, both single and double, all colors in one bed. When everything was so parched with the drought this summer they were fresh and bright. Mrs. L. A. G., Allegheny Co., Pa.

house to be ready for bedding. They are useful for groups or for planting in lines or blocks with other foliage plants. The new variegated leaved Perilla does not always come true from seeds, but when it



# Choice Single and Double Petunias.

The beautiful Petunias now grown are hybrids, in the production of which the species Violacea, introduced from Buenos Ayres in 1831, played an important part. All are useful for beds or borders, as they bloom profusely and continuously, and are always bright and attractive. The large-flowered plain and fringed sorts I offer are of amazing size and of rare and brilliant shades, and are unsurpassed by any in this country. The seeds of Double Petunias were saved from carefully fertilized flowers.



DOUBLE PETUNIA—LILLIPUT.

to prevent the formation of seed, and thus keep up the vitality and vigor of the plant.

C. EMATIS-FLOWERED PETUNIA.—The new "Steel Blue" flowered" because of their immense size and peculiar color. They are from the originator and will be found very superior. I take pleasure also in asking special attention to the novel and charming Petunia Titania. My seeds of this sort are likewise imported direct from the German florist who originated it. The flowers are beautiful, rich purple with distinct white margin.

Mr. Park:—My Petunias from seeds bought of you last year were fine indeed. Some that I potted had flowers as large as saucers, and were in all colors and shades from pure white to crimson, a glorious array of color. B. B. Berry Co., Mich., June 2, 1894.

## MEDIUM-FLOWERED.

Blotched and striped	5	Cousinet of Elles-
Alba, white	5	mere .....
Reticulata.....	5	Alba, white.....
Atropurpurea.....	5	Reticulata.....
Illustris, fine.....	5	Atropurpurea.....
Belle Etoile.....	5	Illustris, fine.....
Carmen-Sylva.....	5	Yellow throated..
Kermesina.....	5	Belle Etoile.....
Green margined .....	5	Carmen-Sylva.....
		Kermesina.....
		Green margined .....
		The sorts mixed 5

## LARGE-FLOWERED.

Alba, white.....	10	Fringed, spotted..
Yellow-throated 10	10	Titania, banded 10
Maculata, spotted 10	10	Fringed, mixed .....
Purpurea, purple 10	10	Large - flowered
Superbissima ... 10	10	varieties in
Venus, Steel Blue 10	10	best mixture.. 10

## DOUBLE.

Lilliput, mixed..	15	Double, extra
Large-flowered..	15	mixed .....
Fringed.....	15	Double, common
White.....	15	White .....
		mixed .....

The Petunia is easily raised from seeds, and will grow almost anywhere. It likes a warm, sunny place, and forms a gorgeous bed, the fragrance of which makes the air redolent with perfume. The plants have no enemies, will endure drought better than most bedding plants, and will make a fine display from early in June till after severe frosts. If young plants are potted in September, and given a sunny window in winter they will bloom as well as almost any of the plants used for winter-blooming. For this purpose the single small-flowered sorts are preferable, and the flowers should be removed as soon as they fade

Petunias are sometimes called "Clematis" They are well worth a trial. My seeds are from the originator and will be found very superior. I take pleasure also in asking special attention to the novel and charming Petunia Titania. My seeds of this sort are likewise imported direct from the German florist who originated it. The flowers are beautiful, rich purple with distinct white margin.

# Phlox Drummondii==Plain, Cuspidate and Fringed.

The Phlox was introduced from Texas in 1835, and has been greatly improved by cultivation, so that it is now one of the most beautiful and useful annuals grown. The plants are easily raised from seeds, begin to bloom early, and continue in bloom throughout the season till after frosts. They are much used for beds, and when so planted should be pinched back as soon as the first flower buds appear, to make the plants dwarf and bushy. Set six inches apart. I have a fine collection of these annuals, and the mixtures I offer are unsurpassed, being specially prepared, and the varieties all equally represented. The new Cuspidate and Fringed varieties are highly prized for bouquets as well as for beds, being odd and pretty.

## N. W. LARGE-FLOWERED.

Atropurpurea.....	5	Quadriflora rosea.....	5
White, purple eye.....	5	Violacea .....	5
Purple striped.....	5	Rose, white eye.....	5
Carmine.....	5	Rose, yellow eye.....	5
Carmine, white eye..	5	Rose, striped .....	5
Carmine, striped..	5	Pure rose.....	5
Flesh-colored.....	5	Splendens, large eye..	5
Chamoisee rose.....	5	Pure white .....	5
Scarlet .....	5	Purple, white eye.....	5
Striped .....	5	Violet, white eye .....	5
Large-eyed .....	5	Stellata, purple .....	5
Isabellina, yellow .....	5	Carmine.....	5
Crimson, white eye .....	5	Rose .....	5
Crimson, striped .....	5	With large eye .....	5
Rose marbled .....	5	All colors mixed, care-	5
Lilac, striped .....	5	fully proportioned .....	5
Violet, white eye .....	5	Graaf Gero, mixed....	10

## NEW CUSPIDATE.

Alba, white.....	10	Nano compacta.....	20
Purpurea, purple.....	10	Cuspidate mixed.....	10
Salmones, salmon .....	10	Fringed mixed .....	10
Violacea, violet.....	10	Both sorts mixed.....	10

## NEW DOUBLE.

Dark purple .....	10	Scar et.....	10
Light yellow .....	10	Double sorts mixed.....	10

Mixture of all sorts, Large-flowered, Cuspidate, Fringed, Double, etc., in careful proportion.. 10

Mr. Park:—I think the Star or Cuspidate Phlox are just lovely, and intend to have more of them next season. Mrs. A. V. Parks, Pamlico Co., N. C.

Mr. Park:—My Phlox Drummondii from your seeds are lovely. We have 15 or 20 different colors from one packet. Miss L. F. Ashtabula Co., O.

Mr. Park:—My Star Phloxes from your seeds were lovely. Everybody wanted to know what kind they were. Mrs. M. A. Wood, Mitchell Co., Kas.



PHLOX—NEW LARGE-FLOWERED.

<i>Bieinus communis</i> (Castor-oil plant), India, 1548.	5
Cambodiensis....	5
Gibsoni, red, 5 ft.	5
Coccineus....	5
Mirabilis, 3 ft....	5
Sanguineus, 8 ft....	5
Philippines, 12 ft....	5
Santa Rosa species	5
Borboniensis, 15 ft.	5
Macrophyllus, 10 ft	5
Zanzibariensis....	25
Special mixture....	5

Among the most stately and effective of foliage plants, the leaves being large and graceful, beautifully veined, on long stems. An elegant centre for a large foliage bed, and a group of the different kinds arranged so that the taller plants are in the centre is very effective. The mixture contains all sorts.

*Salvia* (Blue and Scarlet Sage), various countries.

Carduacea, blue.....	5
Coccinea, scarlet....	5
Farinacea, light blue	5
Sclarea, mixed....	5
Patens, sky blue....	5
Roemeriana, scarlet	5
Splendens, scarlet....	5
Pres. Cleveland....	5
Special mixture....	5

Elegant plants of the Mint family, bearing bright scarlet and blue flowers. *S. splendens* (Mexico, 1822) is the large scarlet *Salvia* so much prized as a bedding and pot plant. *S. patens* (Mexico, 1838) is one of our most beautiful blue flowers. The seeds are large and start in from two to three weeks after sowing. Set the plants a foot apart.

*Sanvitalia procumbens*, Mexico, 1798.

Compacta fl. pl.....	5
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This is the improved compact, double *Sanvitalia*, elegant for producing a mass of yellow bloom. The flowers are very double and profusely borne throughout the season. Plants are easily grown from seeds and should be set eight inches apart. A fine plant and well fitted for edgings.

*Saponaria Calabrica*, annual, Calabria, 1830.

Compacta, red.....	3
Alba, white.....	3
Rosea, rose.....	3
Scarlet Queen.....	5
Ocyoides splend....	5
Special mixture....	5

These grow from six to nine inches high, and bloom so profusely as to form a carpet of bright colors from June till September. Sow in the bed, and thin. *S. ocyoides* is a splendid species for edgings.

*Schizanthus*, annuals, Chili, 1822 to 1841.

Grahami, red.....	3
Carnea, flesh.....	3
Grandiflorus albus....	3
Oculatus, spotted....	3
Atropurpurea....	3
Compactus, fine....	3
Papilionaceous....	3
Pyramidalis....	3
Pinnaeus, rose.....	3
Tigridioides, tigred....	3
Toom Thumb, dwarf....	3
Roseus, new.....	5
Retusus, scarlet.....	5
Albus, white.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

Very beautiful and profuse-flowering annuals. The flowers are borne on slender stems, are odd in form, superbly spotted and marked, so that a plant in bloom has a fancied resemblance to a swarm of small, bright-colored butterflies. Excellent for summer beds or as pot plants.

<i>Schizopetalon Walkeri</i> Walkeri, annual, Chili, 1822.	5
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A cruciferous plant, one foot high, bearing exquisitely fringed white flowers, having the fragrance of almond blossom. Sow in spring in a sheltered bed and thin to eight inches apart, or start the seeds in small pots early and turn out when danger from frost is past. They are difficult to transplant, and if lifted from the seed bed are not easily established.

*Shortia (Hymenoxis) Californica*, California.... 5

A hardy annual Composite. Plants form little tufts six inches high, covered with bright yellow Daisy-like flowers during the summer. If sown in a dry place in autumn the plants bloom earlier than when sown in the spring. In addition to its value as a garden plant the flowers may be cut and dried for winter bouquets, as they retain their form and color well in a dry state for a long time.

*sedum caeruleum*, Africa, 1822.

This is popularly known as Stone Crop. The plants are dwarf, as shown in the little engraving, and produce clusters of pale blue flowers. Handsome for the rockery or for a dry situation. Grow as if sitting among stones, hence the name *Sedum*, from latin, sedere, meaning to sit.

*Silene pendula*, annual, Sicily, 1731.

Double, rose.....	3
Alba, white.....	3
Carnea, flesh.....	3
Snow King.....	5
Decipita fl. pl.....	5
Compacta, red.....	5
Double, red.....	5
Special mixture....	5

Charming flowers, free-blooming, fine for edgings or beds. Of trailing habit. Sow either in early autumn or early spring, and thin.

*Solanum*, natives of many countries.

<i>Capiscastrum</i> .....	5
<i>Ciliatum</i> , red fruit.....	5
<i>Lacinatum</i> .....	5
<i>Lobell</i> , scarlet fruit.....	5
<i>Melongena</i> , purple.....	5
<i>Pekinense</i> , black fruits.....	5
<i>Pseudo capsicum</i> .....	5
<i>Racemigerum</i> , see eng. 5	
<i>Robustum</i> , large foliage.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

*S. capsicasterum* is the Jerusalem Cherry, a fine pot plant. *S. lacinatum* has fasciated foliage and mauve flowers. It is the best of the blooming sorts. *S. melongena* is the Egg Plant, bearing large purple, edible fruits. *S. robustum* is a Brazilian species, useful for tropical groups. *S. racemigerum* has currant-like fruits. All are easily raised from seeds.

*Sphenogyne speciosa*, annual, Mexico, 1836..... 5

One foot high, with daisy like flowers from June till September. Flowers yellow with brown disc, encircled by a conspicuous black ring. Sow in window boxes early and transplant when danger from frost is past. Set the plants eight inches apart. The plants are bushy and make a handsome bed.

## Ten Weeks' Stock.

The Ten Weeks' Stock is one of the finest annuals in cultivation when well-grown. The flowers are perfectly double, graceful in form, showy yet delicate, and yield a delicious odor. The seeds germinate in about five days and the young plants grow rapidly, coming into bloom in mid-summer and from that time until after severe frosts they bloom abundantly. Do not let the plants in the seed-bed crowd each other and become slender. Give rich soil and good cultivation. If neglected they will mostly produce single flowers, or insignificant double ones. Our seeds were saved only from pot-plants and will produce a large percentage of double-flowering plants. Our mixtures are specially prepared, and hardly two plants will bear flowers alike.

### DWARF LARGE-FLOWERED TEN WEEKS' STOCK.

This is undoubtedly the best variety for general cultivation. Flowers well-formed, delightfully fragrant, and produced in great abundance. We have the finest colors and our mixture contains them all. We urge every one who grows Stocks to cultivate this variety. The colors are

Bright Rose....	10	Scarlet.....	10	Violet.....	10
Pure white....	10	Aurora color	10	Carmine pur-	
Light blue....	10	Dark blood	10	p'e, fine.....	10
Ash grey....	10	red, deepest		Canary yel-	
Carmine....	10	color'd Stock		low.....	10
Brown.....	10	known: fine		Brilliant	
Purple.....	10	sort.....	10	copper color	10

All the above colors in splendid mixture if

### OTHER VARIETIES.

Dwarf German, a profuse blooming variety; beautiful flowers of many rich colors; finest mixed pot seed..... 5  
Wallflower-leaved dwarf; shining leaves, rich-colored flowers: mixed..... 10  
Pyramidal Celestial blue, new shade..... 10  
Cape Giant or Tree, tree-like, fine, mixed..... 10  
Early autumn flowering, fine for window culture 10  
Pyramidal Largest flowering Dwarf, pyramidal growth, immense spikes of fine flowers, mixed 10

### NEW GIANT PERFECTION STOCKS.

These grow 2½ feet high, pyramidal in form, with long spikes of beautiful, large double flowers. White.... 10 Brick red.... 10 Violet.... 10 Sulphur.... 10 Copper.... 10 Ash gray.... 10 Flesh.... 10 Light Blue.... 10 Red Brown.... 10 Fiery red.... 10 Dark Blue.... 10 Dark Brown 10 Special mixture of these 12 varieties..... 10

The Ten Weeks' Stock, Matthiola annua, is a native of Southern Europe, and was introduced in 1731. I especially recommend the New Giant Perfection sort. It is the best of all for outdoor culture, and one of the grandest annuals in cultivation. Don't fail to include it in your list of seeds.

## LARGE-FLOWERED SALPIGLOSSIS.

Albo lutea.....	5
Coccinea.....	5
Kermesina.....	5
Nigra.....	5
Purpurea.....	5
Carminea.....	5
Rosea.....	5
Sulphurea.....	5
Violacea.....	5
Gold-veined.....	5
Special mixture	5

Beautiful annuals from Chili, introduced in 1824. Two feet high. Flowers shaped like a Petunia, richly pencilled, borne continuously. My strain of this grand flower is unsurpassed, and the mixture contains all the colors.

## TROPEOLUM MAJUS—TOM THUMB.

These grow only eight or ten inches high, and bear an abundance of large, rich-colored flowers during the season. They are prized in England for bedding, for which purpose they do well in a favorable season. Cut the flowers freely, and they will bloom all the better. I offer the nine best colors as selected by the Royal Horticultural Society, but can furnish other sorts when requested. All the colors are carefully proportioned in the mixture. I can supply the separate colors in quantity at 25 cents per ounce, for planting large beds. Sow early, where the plants are to bloom.

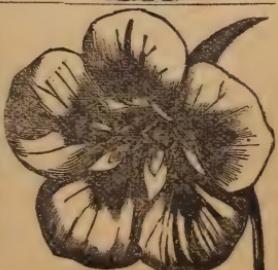
Pearl, creamy white.....	8	Beauty, pale orange scarlet.....	8
Crystal Palace Gem, cream with maroon spots.....	8	Coccineum, fiery scarlet.....	8
Luteum, pure yellow.....	8	King of Tom Thumbs, brilliant crimson.....	8
Spotted, yellow, maroon spots.....	8	Empress of India, dark crimson.....	8
Corniculum roseum, rose'y.....	8	All kinds mixed, per oz. 25 cents, 10	

Mr. Park:—I ordered some Dwarf Tropaeolums last spring and planted twelve seeds nine of them came up and did splendidly. I think there are few flowers prettier than these. Ella L. Bailey, Laud. Co., Miss.

## NEW LARGE-FLOWERED SCABIOSA.

Purple.....	5
Blood red.....	5
Pure white.....	5
Rosy white.....	5
Lilac.....	5
Black purple.....	5
With white.....	5
Cherry and white.....	5
White and lilac.....	5
Golden Yellow.....	10
All kinds mixed.....	5
Double, Tall, mixed.....	5
" Dwarf "	5
Candidissimum.....	5
Complete mixture.....	5

Splendid, everblooming garden plants. Flowers delicate, showy, on long stems, valuable for cutting. Started in summer they bloom well in the window in winter. The new large-flowered sorts are fine.



**Venidium fugas**, perennial, Cape of Good Hope 5  
A very showy, trailing composite, bearing masses of golden yellow flowers. Sow early, and set plants 10 inches apart. This plant is a half hardy perennial and likes a warm, sunny border. In such a situation it becomes a sheet of golden bloom, and is gorgeous. My patrons in the South should not fail to try this flower.

**Verbena hybrida** (Hybrids). white.....  
Dark-eyed.....  
Scarlet.....  
Copper-color.....  
Lutea.....  
Dark blue.....  
Pure blue.....  
Striped.....  
Dark violet.....  
Defiance.....  
Special mixture.....  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10  
10

These are perennials, but I started in March or April the seedling plants will bloom in June or July, and continue till after frosts. The plants should be set 18 inches apart. They make a gorgeous and fragrant bed. The seeds I offer are of the large-flowered sorts, and will be found very superior. All the colors are represented in

the mixture. They cannot be excelled.

**Vinca rosea**, East Indies, 1776.

Rose color .....	5
Pure white .....	5
White, purple eye .....	5
All colors mixed.....	5

An elegant evergreen perennial, valuable for bedding in the South. The foliage is a rich, glossy green, and the flowers Phlox like, well displayed and very pretty. It likes heat, and is a valuable house plant, either for summer or winter bloom. It bears drought well, and is used with good effect in the cemetery. Easily grown. Set eight inches apart. Thrives well in bright sunshine.

**Virginia Stock**, Malcolmia maritima, So. Europe.

White.....	3
Red.....	3
Yellow.....	3
Crimson.....	3
Compacta.....	3
All kinds mixed.....	3

Charming little annuals, coming quickly from seeds. Grown in masses the flowers in great profusion make a fine display. Beautiful late in autumn, as the plants grow in pots in a cool room there will bloom throughout the winter.

**Viscaria oculata**, Hardy annual, Algiers, 1843.

Crimson .....	5
Lilac .....	5
Rose .....	5
White .....	5
Bright blue.....	5
Striped.....	5
Finest mixed....	5

These are handsome annuals, growing a foot high, and bearing masses of attractive flowers. The colors are rich, and the flowers are mostly dark-eyed. They appear well in beds and are always admired. Sow the seeds in rows six inches apart and thin till the plants are six inches apart in the rows. Or, the young plants may be transplanted. The plants bloom early and freely all the season.



**Violas**, English Bedding (Hybrids).

Pure white.....	10
Mauve Queen.....	10
Purple Queen.....	10
Admiration.....	10
Rich Purple.....	10
Perfection.....	10
Yellow.....	10
Lutea splendens.....	10
Sensation.....	10

Beautiful, airy-like flowers, rich in color, fragrant, and produced freely throughout the season. The plants bloom early from seeds, are hardy, and come into bloom early the next season. They like a moist, cool soil, and flourish with the same

treatment as we give the Pansy. They are much used in Great Britain for bedding. Sometimes known as Tufted Pansies.

**Whittavia grandiflora**, annuals, California, 1854.

Large flowered, white.....	5
Blue .....	5
Gioxinoïdes .....	5
All kinds mixed.....	5

Exquisite bell-shaped flowers, always handsome, always admired. The plants love a cool, moist soil, where they grow a foot high, bearing clusters of charming bells. Those who like modest, delicate flowers will be pleased with this pretty annual. If the flowers are so that see's do not form, a succession of the beautiful blooms may be had.

**Zinnia elegans**, annuals, Mexico, 1796

White.....	5
Scarlet .....	5
Golden .....	5
Flesh color.....	5
Lilac .....	5
Purple.....	5
Rose .....	5
Snipur.....	5
Violet.....	5
Yellow.....	5
All colors mixed.....	5
New Pompon or Darwin Zinnias, finest mixed.....	5
Dwarf Zinnias, mixed.....	5
Striped or Zebra Zinnias, mixed.....	5
Large-flowered Zinnias mixed.....	5
All the above kinds and colors, in careful mixture.....	5

Zinnias are easily grown and the flowers are as bright and showy as Dahlias. The new varieties now offered are far more delicate in texture and bright in color than those grown years ago. The dwarf sorts are fine for beds. They bloom early, profusely, and are fine till frosts appear. I take pleasure in especially recommending the New Pompon or Darwin Zinnias. This strain is of French origin, and the seeds I offer are from the originators. I also ask attention to the large-flowered Zinnias offered. These I can supply in colors, but the mixture contains them all. The beginner in floriculture will always find great pleasure with these improved Zinnias. They are of the easiest culture, showy, never troubled with insects, and the plants are always in bloom and clean and bright. White, orange, scarlet and rose are colors as varied and brilliant as those of the Dahlia, and in the striped varieties the colors are curiously intermingled. All seeds offered were saved from selected plants, and are unsurpassed in quality.



# ORNAMENTAL CLIMBERS.

THESE are the most tractable and useful of flowers. Many of them make a vigorous growth, and in a short time cover a trellis or summer house with a sheet of flowered green, or transform an unsightly fence or building into a thing of beauty. Encourage the young plants to grow, and furnish support as soon as they show a disposition to run. If neglected they may become stunted.

*Calampeltis* scabra (Eccremocarpus), Chill, 1824. 5

A half-hardy evergreen climber, blooming in great profusion throughout autumn if the plants are started early in the spring. From six to eight feet high. In mild climates it is hardy, and will bloom for many years, but at the north the roots must be preserved like Dahlias. The flowers are orange-red in long drooping racemes.

Very pretty and showy for a trellis or screen.

*Cardiospermum halicacabum*, Southern States 5

This is a very graceful and beautiful vine, growing six feet high. The flowers are not showy, but the inflated capsules are interesting and curious, and give rise to the common name, Balloon Vine. The seeds are as large as Indian Shot, dark with a pure white blotch. The little engraving represents the vine, an inflated seed-pod, and a seed with the heart-shaped blotch. The plant is easily grown, blooms and bears seeds freely, and is always greatly admired. Does well out-doors.

*Centrosema grandiflora* (Virginia), U.S., 1893. 10

This is a common vine in the South. It is perennial, with large pea-shaped flowers, delicate in texture, and of an exquisite lavender color. It blooms freely during the autumn, and the flowers are said to be fragrant, but the fragrance is not very pronounced. It belongs to the leguminous family, and the seeds start readily if soaked in hot water for a few hours before sowing. It is a vine well worth cultivating.

Mr. Park:—My Centrosema grew by the window, and made a beautiful screen. It has been in bloom since the first of August. The flowers are very pretty, and are as large or larger than a silver half-dollar. Mrs A. M. Staley, Ettingham Co., Ga., Aug. 18, 1893,

*Clitoria ternatea*, East Indies, 1739.



Blue..... 10 | Grandiflora... 10 | Patida, yellow 10  
White ... 10 | Lilac..... 13 | Flore pleno... 10  
Special mixture of all colors ..... 10

A very beautiful vine growing six feet high. The flowers are odd, rich in color, and very attractive. Cut freely they bloom continuously. Soak the seeds in hot water before sowing. The English Garden recently gave a colored plate of this lovely flower, and spoke highly of its merits.

*Convolvulus major* (*Ipomoea purpurea*, Morning Glory), Trop. a.m.

White	3
Tricolor	3
Rose	3
Carmine	3
Incarnate	3
Dark red	3
Lilac	3
Light blue	3
Dark blue	3
Black blue	3
Michaux's	3
White striped rose	3
White striped violet	3
Complete mixture	5

Although so well known, the old-fashioned Morning Glory is still one of our best vines. The new markings and shades are charming, and those who buy the complete mixture will be surprised at the great variety and beauty of the flowers produced therefrom.

*Cobaea scandens*, annual, Mexico, 1792.



Purple..... 5 | White..... 15

A vigorous, easily-grown vine, 20 to 30 feet; flowers large, elegant, bell-shaped, in abundance. Plant seeds edge-wise. Do well on the south side of a building.

*Cypress Vine* (*Quamoclit vulgaris*), Mexico, 1629

Scarlet	5
Rose	5
White	5
All colors mixed	5
For a summer trellis this is the most delicate and beautiful vine in cultivation. The foliage is exceedingly handsome, being rich green in color, feathery and very dense, while the flowers are borne abundantly and continuously, and are very bright and showy. The seeds should be started in a box in the house, or sheltered bed early, so that the vines may begin to bloom before autumn. It is a vine that always pleases those who are fond of ornamental climbers.	15



**Dolichos**, known as Hyacinth Bean.

Lablab, purple..... 5  
Albus, white..... 5  
Giganteus..... 5  
Special mixture..... 5  
A vigorous, free-blooming genus of vines, growing from 15 to 20 feet high, and bearing clusters of bean-like flowers. Good for covering trellises, arbors and summer-houses. The flowers are succeeded by large, purplish seed-pods. If the flowers are freely cut so that no seeds form they will bloom much longer.



**ORNAMENTAL GOURDS AND CUCUMBERS.**

**GIANT EDIBLE GOURDS.**

Yellow-netted, seeds saved from 150 lb specimens	10
Scarlet, 100 pounds weight, very showy	10
Gray Boulogne, very large and handsome	10
Green, handsome gourds of 100 pounds weight	10
Yellow, clean and bright, 100 pounds weight	10
Potiron Jaune, orange, immense gourds	10
Special mixture, carefully proportioned	10

These have gigantic leaves and flowers and are excellent for covering fences and unsightly buildings. Still more, the gourds make excellent Thanksgiving pies—one gourd making pies enough for a whole congregation of grateful people.

**OTHER GOURDS.**

*Aboava viridiflora*, handsome foliage 5  
*Argora*, white-spotted fruit, rapid climber, suitable for arbors..... 5

*Bryonopsis laciniosa*, elegant foliage, fruit scarlet, striped white..... 5

*Coccinea Indica*, scarlet fruit..... 5

*Cucumus dudaim*, fragrant yellow..... 5

*Flexuosa*, Snake Cucumber..... 5

*Coccinea*, white marbled green..... 5

*Arada*, green striped yellow..... 5

*Prophetarium*, light yellow..... 5

*Perenniss*, hoary foliage..... 5

*Gucurbita argyrosperma*..... 5

*Cyclanthera explodens*, fruit explodes when ripe..... 5

*Echinocystis lobata*, Wild Cucumber..... 5

Enormous, great bomb-like fruits..... 5

Gourd, Corsica or Dish..... 5

Bishop's Mitre, orange..... 5

White..... 5

White striped green..... 5

*Lagenaria siphonophora*, Dipper gourd..... 5

*Vulgaris*..... 5

Minima, small..... 5

*Leucantha longissima*..... 5

Depressa, dark green..... 5

*Luffa acutangula*, dish cloth gourd..... 5

Sooly Qua, " " "..... 5

**BRYONOPSIS.** Momordica balsamina, Balsam Apple..... 5

Charantia, Balsam Pear..... 5

Elaterium..... 5

Meion, green climbing, edible fruit, fine for trellises in a sunny place..... 5

Gourd, Nest-egg, white, egg-shaped..... 5

Hercules Club, club-shaped..... 5

Turk's Turban, white, red striped..... 5

Chili, new, spotted and striped..... 5

Chamomile, red-striped..... 5

Red, very fine..... 5

*Tricosanthus colubrina*, Snake Gourd..... 5

Special mixture, including one or more seeds of each sort..... 20

Gourds and Cucumbers are among the most inter-

esting objects of vegetable growth. Both flowers and fruit are attractive, and the foliage is either semi-tropical or delicate and graceful. The vines may be trimmed to any form or used to hide unsightly objects. The fruits are of many shapes, sizes, colors and markings. The smaller ones are attractive and harmless playthings for children. The larger ones may be used in the kitchen as receptacles, as the *Sipho* gourd which makes a useful and convenient ladle; the *Corsican* makes a good litchen receptacle for potatoes, apples, etc.; Enormous, used as Sugar troughs and lard cans. A collection of these plants will give great pleasure, and the cheapest way to get a great variety is to buy a Special Mixture, as it contains seeds of all the varieties here catalogued.

**Humulus Japonicus**, Japanese Hop..... 5

A very rapid-growing annual, with an abundance of deep green, rough, but gracefully shaped foliage. Useful for covering arbors or summer-houses. The seeds start readily, and may be sown in window boxes early to have large plants for transplanting as soon as the weather is favorable. It is only valuable as a foliage vine. If preferred I can also supply seeds of the new and widely advertised variegated-leaved variety at 10c per packet.

**Ipomoea Bona Nox**, white..... 5



white margin. All are easily grown from seeds.

**Lophospermum**, Mexico, 1824.

Scandens..... 10  
Coccinea, scarlet..... 10  
Special mixture..... 10

*L. scandens* is a beautiful climber, with hoary, graceful foliage and large, Maurandya-like pink flowers. Easily raised from seeds, which should be sown early to bloom in autumn. In winter the large, fleshy roots may be preserved in the cellar. The plant may be wintered in the sitting room if grown upon a trellis.

**Mina lobata**, Mexico, 1841..... 5



Of all the vines recently introduced this is one of the finest for out-door culture. The growth is exceedingly vigorous, the foliage beautiful and dense, and the flowers borne in great profusion. The only secret about its culture is to start the seeds in a window box or hot-bed early in March, and give the plants a good start for transplanting. I would urge a trial of this new and beautiful vine.

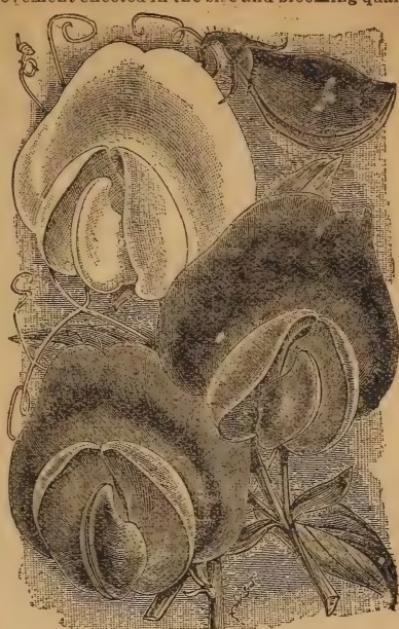
# PARK'S LARGE-FLOWERED SWEET PEAS.

The Sweet Pea is a native of Sicily, and was introduced in 1700. The species produced variegated flowers, but under the florist's skill the colors have become distinct, and a wonderful variety of shades and variegations have been developed, as well as a great improvement effected in the size and blooming qualities of the flowers. For many years I have offered the largest and finest collection of Sweet Peas in this country, and urged all flower-folks to give increased attention to their culture, so that the presentage for Sweet Peas is only the outgrowth of recommendation and a more perfect recognition of their merits by the public. This year I offer all the new and rare shades as well as the older ones, and my seeds were all saved from the improved large-flowered strain, so that those who buy of me will be sure to get only the best. The mixture I offer, too, will be found unsurpassed in the size of the flowers and the great variety of colors in which they will appear. Treat just as you would Garden Peas. They are equally as hardy, and as easily grown.

Adonis, light carmine...	5	Imperial Black, dark....	5
Alba, pure white, large...	5	Imperial Blue, royal....	5
*Apple-blossom, pale pink...	5	Indigo King, large, rare	5
Blackish purple, dark....	5	Lilacinus, lilac.....	5
*Black with light blue...	5	Light blue and purple...	5
Blackish purple, striped	5	*Lottie Eckford, rose and	5
Butterfly, white, lilac tint	5	white edged blue...	5
*Boreatton, rich maroon	5	Miss Blanche Ferry, red	5
Crown Princess of Prussia,	5	and white, early...	5
blush...	5	*Orange Prince...	5
*Cap Clark, white and rose	5	Purple with light blue...	5
*Cardinal, cardinal red...	5	Primrose, pale yellow...	5
Dark red, very handsome	5	Princess Beatrice...	5
*Duchess of Edinburg,	5	Princess of Wales...	5
scarlet merging in rose	5	Queen of the Isles...	5
*Eckford's newsorts, mix'd	5	Queen Victoria...	5
Fairy Queen, rosy white	5	Red striped...	5
Grand Blue, rich blue....	5	Red and white...	5
Invincible Scarlet, rich...	5	*Splendor, rose and crimson	5
*Carmine, very fine....	5	Vesuvius, lilac, spotted...	5
*Striped, beautiful....	5	Violet Queen...	5
Finest mixture of all the above sorts, carefully pre-	5		
pared, 10 cents per ounce, per packet.	5		
Separate colors, 10 cents per ounce, except those marked			
with a star (*), which are 25 cents per ounce.			

Mr. Park.—From an ounce packet of your Sweet Peas I had eleven lovely varieties. Your 10-cent ounce packet of Sweet Peas was just as good as a 25-cent packet I got of another seedsman, and I do believe every seed grew.  
Ken Co., Me., Apr. 10, 1893. Mrs. C. W. Stevens.

Mr. Park.—All who have seen them say my Sweet Peas are the nicest they ever saw. They are so fragrant, and there is such a variety of colors—Miss J. B. Brooks, Chester Co., N. Y., Oct. 15, 1894.



## Elegant Collection of Tropaeolums.

The *Tropaeolum majus* is a first-class annual, easily raised from seed. It bears rich, clean foliage, and bright, attractive flowers, and the plants bloom continually and freely till after frosts. For cutting the blooms are exquisite, and their fragrance is appreciated quite as much as their delicate texture and bright colors. These flowers surpass the Sweet Pea in almost every particular, and will soon become equally popular. They thrive best in a moist soil in partial shade. They are fine for covering old stumps and fences, or for a low trellis or hedge.

MAJUS.	
Atropurpureum, blood purple	5
Coccineum, scarlet	5
Folis aureus	5
Dunett's Orange	5
Flammulatum, flame color	5
Hemisphericum, orange	5
Hunnemannii, brown	5
Luteum, yellow	5
Nigro purpureum, crimson	5
Pearl, whitish	5
Regelianum, violet-crimson	5
Scheuerianum, spotted	5
Coccineum, scarlet spotted	5
Shillingii, sulphur	5
Von Moltke, rose	5
Above mixed, oz. 20 cts.	5
LOBIANUM.	
Fieri scarlet	5
Dark brown	5
Light scarlet	5
Dark scarlet	5
Sulphur, spotted red	5
Yellow, spotted brown	5
Golden, yellow	5
Fine mixture	5
PEREGRINUM (Canary Bird Flower), yellow	5
Splendid mixture of all sorts	5

*T. majus* is the common Nasturtion. *T. lobianum* is a fine species from Columbia, introduced in 1843. *T. peregrinum* (New Granada, 1810) is most lovely climber, reaching 20 feet by autumn, the myriads of flowers resembling miniature yellow birds.

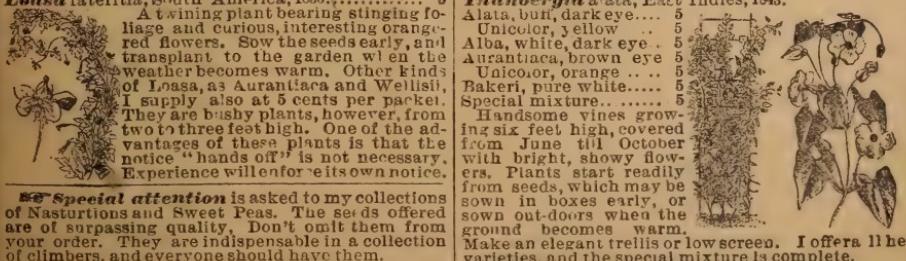
*Loasa lateritia*, South America, 1835. 5

A twining plant bearing stinging foliage and curious, interesting orange-red flowers. Sow the seeds early, and transplant to the garden when the weather becomes warm. Other kinds of *Loasa*, as *Aurantiaca* and *Wellsi*, I supply also at 5 cents per packet. They are bushy plants, however, from two to three feet high. One of the advantages of these plants is that the notice "hands off" is not necessary. Experience will enforce its own notice.

**Special attention** is asked to my collections of Nasturtions and Sweet Peas. The seeds offered are of surpassing quality. Don't omit them from your order. They are indispensable in a collection of climbers, and everyone should have them.

*Thunbergia alata*, East Indies, 1843.

Alata, bun, dark eye... 5  
Unicolor, yellow... 5  
Alba, white, dark eye... 5  
Aurantiaca, brown eye 5  
Unicolor, orange... 5  
Bakeri, pure white... 5  
Special mixture... 5  
  
Handsome vines growing six feet high, covered from June till October with bright, showy flowers. Plants start readily from seeds, which may be sown in boxes early, or sown out-doors when the ground becomes warm. Make an elegant trellis or low screen. I offer all the varieties, and the special mixture is complete.





Albiflora, white, true	10
Anulirrhiniflora, blue	5
Barclayana, blue	5
Emeryana rosea	5
Violacea	5
Lacistema red	5
Violacea	5
Purpurea grandiflora, purple	5
Semperflorens, blue-red	5
Violacea, a fine sort	5
Special mixture	5

One of the finest trellis vines in cultivation. It is easily raised from seeds, and will grow six feet high, forming a mass of elegant foliage until the snows of winter. It seems to enjoy the autumn frosts. M. Antirrhiniflora is a handsome basket plant, more delicate in foliage and flowers than the others.

From South America. An elegant vine for a warm, dry situation. In a dry season it will grow and bloom freely where many other vines will suffer. The flowers are produced in large clusters, and being rich scarlet and remaining long in bloom they are exceedingly showy. If cut freely so that the seed-pods do not form the plants will bloom throughout the season. The plants grow vigorously, and are fine for covering summer-houses or arbors. The seeds are large and make a savory table dish when cooked. Those I offer are superior for bloom.



## EVERLASTINGS AND GRASSES.

These retain their form and color for years if cut just as the buds are beginning to open, hung in the shade and dried. They are fine for bouquets and floral designs in winter. All are easily grown from seeds.

### Acroclinium. Half-hardy annuals. Australia, 1854.



Roseum, rose	3
Album, white	3
Double rose	3
Double white	5
All the above mixed	5

Graceful and pretty everlasting, the flowers of which for drying should be cut just before expanding. The plants grow a foot high, look well in beds in the garden, and are said to be fine for the window if started from seeds in the summer. Set the plants eight inches apart. The foliage is abundant, resembling linen, and the flowers are borne at the summit of the branches, the buds mostly drooping.

### Amomum alatum. New Holland, 1822

A herbaceous perennial, but may be treated as an annual. Two feet high, bearing numerous white flowers in autumn. The plants are easily grown, and delight in a sandy soil, though they will do well in almost any soil or situation. Cut the flowers just before they expand. The seeds I offer are of the new large-flowered variety, and will be found superior to the older sort. In a mild climate the plants are hardy, and will bloom for several years.

### Gomphrena globosa. Annual, India, 1814.



Aurea, orange	5
Rubra, red	5
Alba, white	5
Flesh color	5
Striped	5
Nana compacta, red	5
White	5
Flesh color	5
All sorts mixed	5

Very showy, free-blooming annuals. Flowers globular and ornamental. A very satisfactory bedding plant, and the flowers are among the best for bouquets. The new dwarf sorts grow only about five inches high, and should be set five inches apart. The other varieties grow a foot or more in height.

### Gypsophila. From Europe and Asia.

Elegans, white	5
Red	5
All varieties mixed	5

Beautiful panicles of miniature bloom, fine for bouquets. G. muralis is a low, floriferous edging plant, suitable also for baskets and pots.

### Helipterum Sanfordii. W. Australia, 1863

One foot high, with large Yarrow-like corymbs of golden flowers. This plant is scientifically known as Helipterum Humboldtianum. Rhodanthe is also recognized by botanists as a species of Helipterum.

Note.—The ornamental grasses are beautiful in a growing state, and for drying for winter bouquets are indispensable in connection with everlasting.

### Scarlet Runner (Phaseolus multiflora), 1733

From South America. An elegant vine for a warm, dry situation. In a dry season it will grow and bloom freely where many other vines will suffer. The flowers are produced in large clusters, and being rich scarlet and remaining long in bloom they are exceedingly showy. If cut freely so that the seed-pods do not form the plants will bloom throughout the season. The plants grow vigorously, and are fine for covering summer-houses or arbors. The seeds are large and make a savory table dish when cooked. Those I offer are superior for bloom.

### Helichrysum bracteatum, hardy annuals. 1799.

Minimum, mixed	5
Monstrosum, mixed	5
Ten colors, each	5
Tom Thumb, mixed	5
Atrosanguineum	5
All varieties mixed	5

These varieties were all produced from the species H. bracteatum. The colors embrace a wide range and the flowers are large and showy. The tall varieties grow two feet high, and the dwarf ones about a foot. H. Monstrosum bears very double flowers, as shown in the engraving. They are unsprung for winter decoration when carefully dried.

### Rhodanthe Mangelsii, W. Australia 1832, mixed

A pretty and delicate everlasting. Flowers bell-shaped, drooping and graceful. In Germany it is used for beds, and is charming. White and rose.

### Statice, herbaceous perennials, mixed

Praised by some as garden flowers as well as for bouquets. Colors distinct, mostly blue and yellow.

### Waitzia grandiflora, Australia, 1863; yellow

Grows more than a foot high, the branches terminating in numerous small flowers; a fine everlasting.

### Xeranthemum annuum, hardy annual, Europe.

Album d. pl. white	5
Purpureum fl. pl.	5
Grandiflorum purp'	5
Pinnissima atripurp.	5
Superbissimum	5
All varieties mixed	5

Grows a foot high, bearing handsome loose flowers on long stems. Easily grown from seeds, showy as plants and fine for winter decoration, either in the natural colors or dyed. This is one of the most beautiful and desirable of everlastings. The flowers may be fully developed, and will dry without becoming discolored. They make up well with the ornamental grasses, and make handsome bouquets for winter decoration.

### ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

#### Chloropsis Blanchardiana

Pulchella

Arundo donax varieg.

Coussinata, elegant

Avenasterilis

Brachypodium platystachyum

Briiza maxima

Minima

Geniculata

Bromus macro-tachus

Brizopryrum siculum

Chloris cucullata

Coix lacryma, Job's Tear

Erianthus Ravennae

Grasses

Chloropsis Blanchardiana

Enallia Japonica var.

Glycerium Argenteum

Hordeum jubatum

Lagurus ovatus

Melica ciliata

Panicum capillare

Pennisetum longistylis

Ivium

Stipa pennata

Zea Japonica variegata

All varieties mixed

Complete mixture of

Everlastings and

Grasses

## BIENNIALS AND PERENNIALS.

THESE flowers should be more popular. They are easily grown, and once started many of them live and bloom for years, even under neglect. Seeds often start slowly, and only fresh seeds should be sown. Such seeds I aim to supply, and those I offer here have a been obtained of the European growers this season and are reliable in vitality as well as quality. I issue an illustrated catalogue of these flowers. If you wish to know more about them send for it. Those who wish a few perennials in great variety should get my mixture of the leading sorts, price 10 cts per packet. It will afford great satisfaction and pleasure.

bobra viridiflora; vine	5	Carnation, finest double	5	Gypsophila paniculata.	5	Polemonium coeruleum
Acanthus lusitanicus...	5	for beds and borders, mixed.....	5	Glaucium corniculatum	5	Ceruleum album...
Achillea pumicaria, 2 ft.	5	Grenadijn fl. pl., compact, very beautiful,	5	Gnaphalium (Edelweis)	5	The sorts mixed.....
Filipendula, yellow	5	mixed colors.....	5	Heuchera scabra, foia, e	5	
Aconitum (Monkshood)	5	Dwarf, early-flowering, fine, double,	5	Helysarum, mixed	5	
Lycocoton, yellow.	5	mixed colors .....	5	Hellanthemum mutab	5	
Both kinds mixed .....	5	Perpetual flowering, mixed.....	5	Hemerocallis .....	5	
Adenophora (Bellflower)	5	Extra Italian, large, double, saved from	5	Honesty, mixed .....	5	
Adonis vernalis, yellow	5	show flowers, mixed.....	5	Hyacinthus canalicans.	5	
Aethionema grandiflora	5	Margaret Carnation, mixed .....	5	Hollyhock, Chater's super b.14 prize varieties, each.....	5	
		Centaurea candidissima	5	The varieties mixed.....	5	
		Babyonica, yellow...	5	Inula helenium, yellow	5	
		Africana, glossy fol.	5	Iris Robinsoniana.....	5	
		Montana, rare.....	5	Kämpferi, mixed .....	5	
		The varieties mixed.....	5	Germanica, mixed .....	5	
		Cerastium grandiflorum	5	Special mixture, fine .....	5	
		Biebersteinii, silvery.	5	Ipomopsis, fine, mixed .....	5	
		Tomentosum, pretty..	5	Jasione perennis, blue.....	5	
		A. solorts mixed .....	5	Kochia scoparia.....	5	
		Chelone barbata, scarlet	5	Linum perenne, mixed .....	5	
		Torreyl, dark scarlet	5	Narbouense, sky blue.....	5	
		Hybrida, fine mixed .....	5	Lavendula (Lavender),	5	
		Cineraria candidissima	5	Liberia azurea, blue.....	5	
		Colchicum autumnalis.	5	Lupinus polyphyllus.....	5	
		Convolvulus althaeoides	5	Lilium auratum .....	5	
		Coreopsis grandiflora.	5	Candidum .....	5	
		Cruciella stylosa.....	5	Dalmaticum, dark .....	5	
		Delphinium chinense...	5	Tenuifolium .....	5	
		Chinese Dwarf, mixed .....	5	Lilies in mixture .....	5	
		Elatum, mixed .....	5	L. chnisi, mixed .....	5	
		Formosum, dark blue	5	Viscaria, scarlet .....	5	
		Double, mixed colors	5	Lythrum superbum .....	5	
		Nudicaule, scarlet .....	5	Meconopsis cassubrica.	5	
		All kinds mixed .....	5	Michauxia campanula.	5	
		Dianthus gardnerianus	5	Meum athamaticum .....	5	
		Superbus, fringed .....	5	Monarda hybrida .....	5	
		Deltoides, small, pink	5	Morina longifolia .....	5	
		Atroroccineus, scarlet	5	Mirabilis multiflora .....	5	
		All these sorts mixed	5	Myosotis a. pestris, mix	5	
				Dissitiflora, blue.....	5	
				(Enothera) Missouriensis	5	
				Papaver alpinum, mixed .....	5	
				Bracteatum, scarlet .....	5	
				Involucratum max. ....	5	
				Nudicaule white .....	5	
				" yellow .....	5	
				" scarlet .....	5	
				Orientalis, scarlet .....	5	
				" ll varieties mixed .....	5	
				Peas. Perennial, red .....	5	
				Rose and white, each .....	5	
				All colors mixed .....	5	
				Peltandra Virginica .....	5	
				Pentstemon Cobaea, true	5	
				Barbatus, scarlet .....	5	
				Campanulastrum, rose .....	5	
				Heterophyllum, lilac .....	5	
				Ovatia, fine blue .....	5	
				Hartwigii, fine mixed .....	5	
				All species mix'd .....	5	
				Solidago canadensis .....	5	
				Thymus vulgaris .....	5	
				Thlaspiatum, mixed .....	5	
				Thermopsis fabacea .....	5	
				Trachelium, mixed .....	5	
				Sweet William, white .....	5	
				Checkered flowers .....	5	
				Hunt's Perfection .....	5	
				Single varieties mixed .....	5	
				Double white .....	5	
				" crimson .....	5	
				" mixed .....	5	
				Single and double mix'd .....	5	
				Tradescantia Virginica .....	5	
				Trifolium rubens .....	5	
				Tritoma nobilis .....	5	
				Trollium, mixed .....	5	
				Tulipa saxifraga .....	5	
				Tulip, mixed .....	5	
				Venidium fugas .....	5	
				Verbascum Olympicum .....	5	
				Valeriana, mixed .....	5	
				Veratrum nigrum .....	5	
				Veronica spicata, mix'd .....	5	
				Vebeena venosa .....	5	
				Viola odorata, mixed .....	5	
				Munbyana .....	5	
				Vittadenia triloba .....	5	
				Wahlenbergia mix'd .....	5	
				Biennials and Perennials in mixture of .....	5	
				all the leading sorts .....	5	



# Seeds for the Window Garden.

The plants which have been objects of our care from their infancy are the plants we love the most, and which afford us the most pleasure. For this reason I recommend raising window-plants from seeds, rather than purchasing those already grown by the florist. I have a full stock of the seeds, and offer them at low prices. All are fresh, and of the best quality. Directions for sowing accompany each package, and special cultural notes will be found in PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE, which will be sent to everyone purchasing 50 cents worth of seeds.

*Abutilon*, fine mixed 10

White, red and yellow bell-shaped flowers.

Plants shrubby, easily grown from seeds, winter-blooming. I. can supply varieties separate, but all are contained in the mixture.

*Acacia brachybotrys* 5

*Farnesiana*, showy 5

*Lophantha*, elegant 5

Special, all sorts 5

Elegant table plants.

Foliage fern-like, very delicate and graceful.

Anyone can grow them from seeds.

*Achania arborea*, red 8

Known as upright Fuchsia. Elegant summer or winter-bloomer.



*Achimenes*, fine mix. 10

Very handsome summer-blooming Gesneraceous plants. Seeds are very small, and require the same treatment as Begonia seeds. Withhold water in winter; repot in March.

*Agave Americana*, or Century Plant, sil-

very green foliage 10

Green and yellow 10

A fine vase plant. In Mexico fences are made of it, and a common drink (pulque) of the extracted juice. In Southern California flower stalks thirty feet high may often be seen.

*Agathaea coelestis*, the blue Paris Daisy, fine for bouquets 10

*Agapanthus umbel-*

*latus*, blue, fine 10

*Umbellatus*, white 10

A hardy garden plant at the South. Trumpet shaped flowers in large clusters. Easily grown from seeds. Summer bloomer, two feet high. Give shade and plenty of water in summer.

*Alcosia odora*, fine 15

*Astroemeria auranti-*

*aca*, very pretty 10

*Chilensis*, mixed 10

*Peregrine alba*, fine 10

*Pulchella*, pretty 10

Special, all sorts 10

Lily-like plants, hand-

some and showy, almost hardy.

*Aloysia citriodora* or

*Lemon Verbena* 10

*Amaryllis vittata* 20

*Anthericum*, see p. 29 5

*Antigonon leptopus*,

a beautiful, tuberous-rooted South-

ern vine; starts easily from seeds 10

*Angelonia grandif.* 10

*Ardisia crenulata* 15

A good window plant.

Its branches of scarlet berries are elegant in winter.

*Asparagus verticillatus*, ornamental 10

*Asclepias curassavica* 5

*Azalea Indica*, mixed 10

enced persons should not attempt raising Be-

gonias from seeds unless they are ready to meet with failure. Sow upon sifted soil and place the pot in a saucer of water to moisten.

Keep moist, covered and shaded till started.

*Biancea scandens* 10

*Bilbergia zebrina* 10

A zebra-striped succulent of easy culture.

Keep warm and moist.

*Bocconia japonica* 8

Plume Poppy. Foliage glaucous, laciniate; flowers in panicles. Fine as isolated plants. Hardy south.

*Brugmansia*, fragrant 10

*Arborea*, double 10

Datura; flowers large,

lilac, fragrant. Sometimes called Horn of Plenty. Seeds do not germinate well.

*Cactus Cereus*, mixed 10

*Echinocactus* " 10

*Epiphyllum* " 10

*Mammillaria* " 10

*Pilocereus* " 10

Special mixture 10

Slow to germinate,

but not difficult to grow. Water moderately to prevent damping off.

*Caladium*, fancy, mix. 25

*Begonia gigantea* (tub.).

Bright red 15

Bright pink 15

Bright yellow 15

Pure white 15

Bright scarlet 15

Bright carmine 15

Bright orange 15

Bright rose 15

All colors mixed 15

The above are all gi-

ant-flowered tuberous

Begonias, the finest to be obtained. There can

be none better.

*Begonia*, Tuberous, in

very fine mixture 8

Double, finest mix'd 25

Tuberous Begonias

are gorgeous bedding

plants. They like a

sunny position and

moist soil. Mulch the

bed well with stable lit-

ter as summer ap-

proaches. Shelter from

the wind by a low lath

or picket border.

*Begonia Vernon* 10

Bedding Queen 10

*Schmidtii* 10

*Semperflorens*, red 10

White 10

Mixed 10

All the above are good

for bedding as well as

for pots, and all bloom

the first year from seed.

*Begonia Rex*, mixed 25

These are mostly

grown from leaf-cuttings,

but are as readily

started from seeds as

others. All Begonias

seeds germinate freely,

but are very fine, and

must be sown with

great care. Inexperi-

enced persons should

not attempt raising Be-

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Hardy south.

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*Arborea*, double 10

Datura; flowers large,

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Seeds do not germinate well.

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*Echinocactus* " 10

*Epiphyllum* " 10

*Mammillaria* " 10

*Pilocereus* " 10

Special mixture 10

Slow to germinate,

but not difficult to

grow. Water moderately to prevent damp-

ing off.

*Caladium*, fancy, mix. 25

*Calceolaria Hybrida* 10

Large-flowered 10

Self-colored 15

Rugosa 15

Striped 15

Fancy striped 15

Fancy margined 15

Special mixture 15

Handsome plants for

the window or conservatory.

Started in spring the

plants bloom the

following winter. The

seeds offered are of the

best European strain,

and are very superior.

*Calla Aethiopica* 10

Spotted-leaved 10

Nana, dwarf 15

These are all easily

raised from seeds.

*Begonia Rex*, mixed 25

These are mostly

grown from leaf-cutting

s, but are as readily

started from seeds as

others. All Begonias

seeds germinate freely,

but are very fine, and

must be sown with

great care. Inexperi-

*Centaurea candidissima*, silver-leaved 10

*Chrysanthemum frutescens*, white 5

*Indicum*, double 10

Dwarf " 10

Japonica " 10

All kinds mixed 10

*C. frutescens* is the

Paris Marguerite. C.

*Indicum* and *C. Japonica* are the kinds seen

at fall Chrysanthemum

shows. They are of

many shades. Seedlings are easily raised,

and bloom the first year if started early. The

seeds offered are of su-

perior quality.

*Cineraria hybrida* 10

Large-flowered, m'd 15

Dwarf, mixed 15

Plenissima, mixed 25

Gorgeous and beauti-

ful window plants. Eas-

ily grown from seeds.

Sow in spring for win-

ter-blooming. The col-

ors are varied and ex-

ceedingly rich. To keep the plants from

aphis syringe with to-

bacco tea or fumigate

with tobacco stems. The seeds offered are of

unparalleled quality.

*Cianthus Dampieri* 10

Punicus, red 10

Handsome vines. C.

Dampieri does well out-

doors south. C. Puni-

cus may be grown in

the window.

*Coleus*, fine mixed 10

Named sorts 15

Large-leaved 20

Special mixture 15

These are as easily

raised as Amaranthus,

and the seeds I offer

will yield fine, bright-

colored plants. Fine for

bedding, also for pot

plants. The new large-

leaved sorts are grand.

*Convolvulus Mauri-*

*taniensis*, blue 10

A hardy trailing plant

for baskets or vases.

Seeds often start slowly.

*Begonia gigantea* (tub.).

Bright red 15

Bright pink 15

Bright yellow 15

Pure white 15

Bright scarlet 15

Bright carmine 15

Bright orange 15

Bright rose 15

All colors mixed 15

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are gorgeous bedding

plants. They like a

sunny position and

moist soil. Mulch the

bed well with stable lit-

ter as summer ap-

proaches. Shelter from

the wind by a low lath

or picket border.

*Begonia Vernon* 10

Bedding Queen 10

*Schmidtii* 10

*Semperflorens*, red 10

White 10

Mixed 10

All the above are good

for bedding as well as

for pots, and all bloom

the first year from seed.

*Begonia Rex*, mixed 25

These are mostly

grown from leaf-cutting

s, but are as readily

started from seeds as

others. All Begonias

seeds germinate freely,

but are very fine, and

must be sown with

great care. Inexperi-

enced persons should

not attempt raising Be-

gonias from seeds unless

they are ready to meet with failure. Sow upon

sifted soil and place the pot in a saucer of water to moisten.

Keep moist, covered and shaded till started.



*Cyclamen Persicum* 10  
Large-flowered mix'd 15  
Superb winter-blooming window plants. Rest in summer by partially withholding water. Almost every seed will germinate, the plants appearing in a month after sowing, and blooming the second season. Hardy outdoors at the South.

*Draeana draco* 10  
*Daisy Double* (p. 6) 5  
*Datura (Brugmansia)* 10  
*Echeveria secunda* 15  
*Edwardsia chilensis* 15  
*Eupatorium* (p. 12) 5  
*Ezacum affine* 10  
*Fern spores* 15  
Treat as Begonia seed. Plants like a moist, cool, shady place.

*Ficus elastica* 10  
Seeds small; not always reliable.

*Fragaria Indica* 10  
Indian Strawberry, for baskets; bears scarlet berries profusely.

*Freesia alba*, white 10  
Leichtlini, yellow 10  
Sown early these will bloom the next winter.

*Fuchsia*, choice mix'd 10  
New Hybrids " 10  
Double " 15  
*Procumbens* 15  
I do not recommend raising Fuchsias from seeds, but keep a few choice new seeds to supply patrons who wish to try them.

*Gardenia florida* 10  
Cape Jasmine. Fragrant white flowers.

*Gloriosa superba* 20

*Gazania splendens* 10



*Gloxinia, Mt. Blanc* 15  
*Robusta*, mixed 15  
*Horizontalis, m'x'd* 15  
*Robusta pendula* 15  
*Striataflora, striped* 15  
*Panetata, spotted* 15  
*Tigrina, tigered* 15  
*Defiance, scarlet* 15  
*Empress Frederick* 15  
Special mixture 15  
Gloxinias are gorgeous summer bloomers. Shelter from wind and hot sun. Seeds start

readily and plants are easier grown than Begonias. Those I offer are of the finest strains, and can be relied upon for immense, bright-colored flowers. My special mixture contains all the colors.

*Geranium Zonal* 8  
Choicest Fancy 20  
Apple scented 20  
Rose-scented 15  
Ivy-leaved 20

Golden tricolor 25  
Easily grown from seeds, which come up scattering in from one to three weeks. Many choice new varieties are often raised from a packet of seeds.

*Gesneria*, fine mixed 15  
Seeds are small, but come up well. Sow as you would Begonia seeds. Treat the plants the same as Gloxinias.

*Habititzia tamnoidea* 10  
A handsome greenhouse vine. Grows readily from seeds.

*Habrothamnus* 10  
Shrubby plants for the window. Carmine flowers in clusters. Seeds germinate well.

*Hedychium Gardneri*. 10  
*Helichrysum lanatum* 10



*Heliotrope, Blonay* 5  
Dr. Livingstone  
Reine des Violets  
Peruvianum  
Anna Turrell  
Finest mixture 5  
Valuable summer-bloomers for beds. Fine for bouquets. Flowers very fragrant. Seedlings started early bloom freely in autumn.

*Hibiscus moscheutus* 10  
Flore alba, white 10  
Californicus 10  
Coccinea, scarlet 10  
Immutabilis 10  
Mutabilis f. pl. 10  
Special mixture 10  
Immense, Hollyhock-like flowers on strong bushy stalks, four to eight feet high. Easily grown from seeds, which come up in from one to six weeks.

*Humea elegans* 10

*Impatiens sultana* 10

Zanzibar Balsam. An everblooming window plant. Does well bedded out. Flowers bright rose, freely borne.

*Kalanchoe carnea* 15  
*Kennedyo coccinea* 15

Marryatæ 15  
Special mixture 15

Handsome, pea-like vines, easily grown.

*Lavatera arborea* var. 10  
Silky, blotched foliage. A handsome outdoor or window plant.

*Lantana*, white  
Urticæformis, red  
Finest mixture 10  
Seeds start tardily, but make vigorous plants.  
Good bedders; like heat.

*Lapageria rosea* 10  
*Mandevilla sweet* 5  
A beautiful hardy vine South. Grows rapidly and bears lovely sweet-scented flowers. Winter in cellar North.

*Montbretia Crocosmia* 15  
*Musa ensete*, 1 seed 5  
Sumatrana, 1 seed 5  
*Negetia hybrida* 10  
*Nerium (Oleander)* 10  
*Nerteria depressa* 10  
*Passiflora cœrulea* 8  
Alba, white  
Coccinea, scarlet  
Gracilis, red fruit  
Special, all sorts 8  
Passion Vines. Easily grown. Hardy south, need protection north.



#### CHINESE PRIMROSES.

I take especial pride in my list of Chinese Primroses. I have all worthy varieties, and the strain of seeds is unsurpassed.

#### Mallow-leaved sorts:

Alba, white 20  
Magnifica 20  
Bellattata 20  
Oculata lutea 20  
Golden Feather 20  
Atropurpurea, purple 20  
Punctata 20  
Punctata alba 20  
Atrosanguinea, new 25  
Coccinea, scarlet 20  
Corulea, light blue 20  
Erecta superba, red 20  
Carmine-scarlet 20  
Alba, white 20  
Globosa striata 20  
Rubra, red 20  
Alba, white 20  
Carnea, flesh 20  
Bright crimson 20  
Special mixture 10  
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*Passiflora cœrulea* 8  
Alba, white  
Coccinea, scarlet  
Gracilis, red fruit  
Special, all sorts 8  
Passion Vines. Easily grown. Hardy south, need protection north.

*Montbretia Crocosmia* 15  
*Musa ensete*, 1 seed 5  
Sumatrana, 1 seed 5  
*Negetia hybrida* 10  
*Nerium (Oleander)* 10  
*Nerteria depressa* 10  
*Passiflora cœrulea* 8  
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Special, all sorts 8  
Passion Vines. Easily grown. Hardy south, need protection north.

# SEEDS OF HARDY SHRUBS AND VINES.

Many of our hardy Shrubs and Vines may be raised from seeds. We offer seeds of the following:

Acer negundo folia variegatis.	7 Cydonia Japonica,	15 Rhododendron Ponticum,	7
Amelanchier Veitchii.	7 Cytisus laburnum,	7 Rhus cotinus,	7
Aristolochia siphon.	7 Deutzia crenata fl. pl.	7 Ribes sanguineum,	7
Berberis vulgaris.	7 Euonymus Japonicus,	7 Rosa indica, finest mixed,	7
Calycanthus floridus.	7 Fremontia California,	7 Hybrid Remontant, mixed,	7
Celastrus scandens.	7 Hibiscus Syriacus f. pl.	7 Robinia Decaisneana,	10
Chionanthus Virginicus.	7 Hypericum Calycinum,	7 Spirea opulifolia,	7
Clematis campaniflora.	7 Ipomoea pandurata,	7 Syringa vulgaris, mixed,	7
Jackmanii, fine hybrids mixed.	7 Lonicera Tartarica,	7 Viburnum opulus,	7
Flammula.	7 Brachypoda aurea-reticulata,	7 Weigela rosea,	7
Vitalta.	7 Caprifolium, mixed	7 Yucca filamentosa,	7
Viticella.	7 Honeysuckle, mixed,	7 Gloriosa,	7
Verticillata.	7 Magnolia glauca,	7 Mixed,	7
All varieties mixed.	7 Philadelphus, mixed.	7 Various shrubs in mixture,	10

## MISCELLANEOUS FLOWER SEEDS.

<i>Ethionema</i> Buxbaumii.	Collomia coccinea.
<i>Persicaria</i> , pink, charming.	Grandiflora, yellow.
<i>Anthemis</i> purpurascens.	<i>Corydalis</i> glauca.
<i>Ajuga</i> chamaepitys.	<i>Cosmanthus</i> imbriatius.
<i>Antirrhinum</i> assurgens.	<i>Cotula</i> aurea.
<i>Andryala</i> tenuifolia.	<i>Crucianella</i> stylosa, red.
<i>Artemisia</i> Stelleriana.	<i>Cryptostemma</i> calendulaceum.
<i>Arctotis</i> breviscapa.	<i>Cytisus</i> glabratus.
<i>Athanasi</i> annua.	<i>Didiscus</i> ceruleus, blue.
<i>Atriplex</i> hortensis purpurea.	<i>Dracocephalum</i> Moldavicum.
Hortensis cupreata.	Ruyschianum.
Beta (ornamental).	<i>Delphinium</i> cardiotpetalum.
Biscutella auriculata.	<i>Eisholtzia</i> cristata, sweet-scented.
Cajophora lateritia.	<i>Echium</i> creticum, scarlet.
Calceolaria pinnata.	<i>Violaceum</i> grandiflorum.
Scabiosella filolia.	<i>Epilobium</i> Abissinicum.
Calendula officinalis.	<i>Erodium</i> gruinum, by geometrical.
Calyxhymina chilensis, pretty.	<i>Eucomis</i> bartonioides.
Camassia esculenta.	<i>Eutoca</i> Wrangeliana, light blue.
Campanula attica.	Multi-flora, blue.
Cannabis gigantea.	<i>Gamopeltis</i> Taquetii, yellow.
Pyramidalis compacta.	<i>Gardonia</i> betonicoides, rose.
Capsicum annum.	<i>Gazanopsis</i> stenophylla.
Prince of Wales.	<i>Globularia</i> tricosantha.
Carduus benedictus.	<i>Grahamia</i> aromatica.
Centauromalus cupanius.	<i>Gramanthus</i> gentianoides.
Casuarina indivisa.	<i>Gnaphalium</i> foetidum, yellow.
Carex, mixed.	<i>Gomphocarpus</i> fruticosus.
Carthamus tinctorius.	<i>Gutierrezia</i> gymnospermoides.
Celidonia betonicifolia.	<i>Hedysarum</i> humile.
Cenia microcephala.	<i>Heliotropium</i> multiflora.
Centauraea crupina.	<i>Heleoiphila</i> Arabioides, azure blue.
Centauridium Drummondii.	<i>Heleolum</i> Douglasii, yellow.
Cephalaria taratarica.	Grandiflora.
Gerastium perfellatum.	<i>Hernaria</i> cinerea, new.
Chenostoma polyanthum.	<i>Hibiscus</i> caliseus, white.
Chamaepaece diacantha.	Longiflorus.
Cheranthus annuus, small-flowered.	<i>Hunnemannia</i> fumariifolia.
Chelidonium majus fl. pl.	<i>Iberis</i> semperflorens.
Chenopodium Atriplices.	Sempervirens.
Cirsium ligulare, ornamental.	<i>Ismelia</i> Broussoneti.
Citrullus rimosus.	<i>Kochia</i> scoparia.
Clematis coccinea.	<i>Lalemontia</i> canescens.
Diversifolia.	Peitata.
Integerrima.	<i>Lasthenia</i> Californica.
Orientalis.	<i>Lathyrus</i> articulatus.
Cosmidium Burridgei.	Gorgoni, new, white, with red.
Comelinia celestis, blue.	Napleonis.
Flore albo, white.	<i>Lavatera</i> thuringiaca.
Variegatis, variegated.	Lavender, sweet herb.
[Note.—Comelinia is a fine pot plant. Flowers resemble Tradescantia; very pretty.]	Lepidophylax holosteoides.

Leucanthemum grandiflorum.	<i>Leucanthemum</i> grandiflorum.	<i>Leasa</i> tricolor, three-colored.	<i>Loeflingia</i> Hispanica.
Linaria genistifolia.	<i>Liatris</i> spicata.	<i>Lophanthus</i> rugosus, fragrant.	<i>Lotus</i> Jacobaeus, dark brown.
Liatris spicata.	<i>Lythrum</i> Græfieri.	<i>Lopezia</i> coronata.	<i>Linaria</i> genistifolia.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Manulea</i> violacea.	<i>Lychnis</i> spicata.	<i>Mathiola</i> bicornis, fragrant.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Tricuspitada</i> , purple.	<i>Medicago</i> DeCandollei.	<i>Melli-tus</i> Italica.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Microdon</i> ciliolatus.	<i>Micranthes</i> campanulata.	<i>Microlonchus</i> Delileanus.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Molopsperrima</i> cicutarium.	<i>Molinella</i> laevigata.	<i>Mukia</i> scabrella.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Notabasis</i> Syriaca.	<i>Ocytum</i> basicinum, fragrant.	<i>Obeliscaria</i> pulcherrima.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Onopordum</i> acanthium (Scotch Thistle).	<i>Oxalis</i> tropaeoloides, brown foliage.	<i>Phalacraea</i> celestina.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Tom Thumb</i> , compact.	<i>Phaseolus</i> ensiformis gigas.	<i>Romneya</i> Coulteri.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Tom Thumb</i> , compact.	<i>Rubdeckia</i> ampli-xicaulis.	<i>Robertia</i> taraxacoides, yellow.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Rumex</i> Roseus.	<i>Sabbatia</i> campestris.	<i>Sedum</i> cerasellum.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silene</i> Schafra.	<i>Salvia</i> horquinum.	<i>Schistanthus</i> peduncularis.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silene</i> integrifolia, red.	<i>Schistanthus</i> peduncularis.	<i>Scrophularia</i> chrysanthia, new.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silphium</i> perfoliatum.	<i>Silene</i> Schafra.	<i>Silene</i> Januzzi pseudocapsicum.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silphium</i> perfoliatum.	<i>Linaria</i> integrifolia.	<i>Laciniatum</i> .
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silphium</i> perfoliatum.	<i>Warscewiczoides</i> .	<i>Robustum</i> .
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silphium</i> perfoliatum.	<i>Splianthera</i> olereacea, brownish.	<i>Stachys</i> coccinea, scarlet.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Silphium</i> perfoliatum.	<i>Tithonia</i> tagetiflora.	<i>Tithonia</i> tagetiflora.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Trachelium</i> ceruleum, mixed.	<i>Trachymene</i> cerulea, blue.	<i>Tradescantia</i> Virginica.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Trachymene</i> cerulea, blue.	<i>Trollius</i> Asiaticus.	<i>Trifolium</i> arvense.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Tradescantia</i> Virginica.	<i>Suaevoleans</i> , fragrant.	<i>Vicia</i> Gerardi, violet, climber.
Lychnis coronaria.	<i>Trollius</i> Asiaticus.	<i>Vittadenia</i> trifolia.	

The above list includes many choice flowers, though some are valuable only for botanical study. We offer a mixture which embraces nearly all of them, and those who sow it will get a great variety of flowers, new and old. It is well-worth the price asked for it—10 cents per packet. Do not forget to include "Mixture of Miscellaneous Seeds" in your order. Any one of the above separately, 8 cents per packet.

## POPULAR MIXTURES OF FLOWER SEEDS.

**Mixture of Annuals.**—Contains chiefly seeds of flowers blooming the first season. The mixture embraces over 100 genera, and the average would perhaps be five species and varieties to each genus, thus representing fully 500 kinds. Price 10 cents per packet.

**Mixture of Biennials and Perennials.**—Contains seeds of more than 50 genera, and represents perhaps 250 species and varieties. Price, 10 cents.

**Mixture of Seeds for the Window Garden.**—Contains seeds of more than 25 genera, and represents perhaps 125 species and varieties. Price 15 cents.

**Mixture of Climbers.**—Contains seeds of a dozen different genera, about fifty varieties. Price 10 cents.

**Mixture of Everlastings and Grasses.**—Contains seeds of the leading flowers and grasses used for drying for winter-bouquets. Price 10 cents.

**Note.**—These mixtures are carefully prepared, though perhaps not all that are represented in the general mixture. From the fine, as the latter should be surface sown and the former covered. We highly recommend them.

**Mixture of Fragrant Flowers.**—Contains seeds of more than a dozen genera, representing about 50 kinds of our most fragrant flowers. Price 10 cents.

**Mixture of Edging Plants.**—Contains seeds of about a dozen genera of low-growing flowers, suitable for edging beds. There are 50 or more species and varieties represented in this mixture. Price 10 cents.

**Mixture of White Flowers.**—These are excellent where a moonlight display of flowers is desired. They are also suitable for graves. A good variety of species and varieties. Price 10 cents.

**Mixture of Nearly all Varieties.**—This is what we advertise to give away to those who send two stamps for our catalogue. We claim that there are 500 kinds in the mixture, but there are nearer 1000 kinds. Price 10 cents per packet.

## Great Bargains in Choice Window Plants.

Don't fail to see my Surprise List, issued in April. The offers will be a genuine surprise. Send for it. Free. It will pay you. Address

GEO. W. PARK, LIBONIA, PA.

## Time Required for Seeds to Germinate.

The seeds I furnish are all fresh, and will certainly grow if fairly treated. Sow only a portion of each package at the first sowing, and allow ample time for germination. Study the following list to know when to expect the plants. Sow in one bed all seeds germinating about the same time. Never condemn seeds without three different trials, and without allowing sufficient time for germination.

**SEEDS GERMINATING IN FROM THREE TO FIVE DAYS.**—Ageratum, Ammobium, Atriplex, Celosia pyramidalis, Centaurea, Chrysanthemum (annual), Cosmea, Cypress Vine, Hollyhock, Lavatera, Laya elegans, Leptosyne maritima, Marigold, Mina lobata, Mimulus, Salvia, Sedum, Senecio, Sphenogyne, Stevia, Stock (Ten Weeks), Trifolium suaveolens, Viscaria, Virginian Stock, Zinnias.

**FIVE TO SEVEN DAYS.**—Acacia, Amaranthus, Aster, Arabis alpina, Browallia, Beta, Bromus, Brompton Stock, Cannabis, Carnations, Candytuft (perennial), Centaurea, Chelone, Chrysanthemum indicum, Clitoria, Coleus, Cineraria, Coreopsis lanceolata, Crucianella, Cuphea, Cynglossum, Daisy, Dahlia, Eschscholtzia, Eupatorium, Gaillardia, Geranium, Gypsophila, Habitzia, Hedsarum, Helenium, Helichrysum, Helianthus, Hibiscus, Iberis Gibraltarica, Linaria reticulata, Lobelia, Lupinus, Lychnis, Matthiola, Malva moschata, Mesembryanthemum, Monette, Morning Glory, Nicotiana, Ononis, Oenothera, Palava, Pinks, Picotee, Rheum, Salpiglossis, Schizanthus, Syciosperma, Sweet William, Silene Schafta, Tradescantia, Tunica, Verbascum, Veronica, Vittadenia, Wallflower, Whitavia.

**EIGHT TO TEN DAYS.**—Abutilon, Achimenes, Agrostemma, Armeria, Antirrhinum, Begonia, Balsam, Calceolaria, Cannna, Capsicum, Catananche, Campanula (annual), Commelinaceae, Deutzia, Digitalis, Dracoccephalum, Eranthus, Exacum, Gaura, Gnaphalium, Hibiscus Syriacus, Humulus Japonica, Kaulfussia, Lychnis, Morina, Pansy, Papaver, Phacelia, Phlox Drummondii, Pyrethrum, Potentilla, Pansy Viola, Poinsettia, Pentstemon, Petunia, Rudbeckia, Rocket, Thunbergia, Tropaeolum, Valeriana, Verbena, Zea.

**TEN TO TWELVE DAYS.**—Achillea, Alyssum saxatile, Alonsca, Argemone, Artemesia, Anchusa, Aquilegia, Asphodelus, Aubretia, Bidens, Calandrinia, Campanula, Calonyction, Feverfew, Galtonia, Geum, Gypsophila muralis, Helianthemum, Ipomopsis, Linaria, Michauxia, Scutellaria, Spirea, Siphium.

**TWELVE TO FIFTEEN DAYS.**—Asters (perennial), Antigonon, Anemone sylvestris, Campanula Tenorei, Callirhoe, Chamepeuce, Datura, Didiscus, Gourds and Cucumbers, Gazaniopsis, Hunnemannia, Lantana, Maurandya, Mandevilla, Myosotis, Nierembergia, Nicotiana, Petunia (double), Peas, Platycodon, Polemonium, Perilla, Ricinus, Ranunculus, Echinus, Torenia, Thlaspiatum, Vinca, Verbena venosa.

**FIFTEEN TO TWENTY DAYS.**—Agapanthus, Anemone, Acanthus, Armeria maritima, Calla, Cuphea strigulosa, Cuphea roezlii, Cobaea, Dictamnus, Geranium sanguineum, Gloxinia, Hemerocallis flava, Habrothamnus, Heliotrope, Impatiens sultana, Iris, Liatris spicata, Primula sinensis, Primula veris, Rivinia humilis, Smilax (Boston), Solanum robustum.

**TWENTY TO THIRTY-FIVE DAYS.**—Adiumia, Baptisia australis, Berberis vulgaris, Convolvulus cupanianus, Campanula Leutweina, Campanula fragilis, Campanula macrantha, Campanula nobilis, Clematis integrifolia, Clematis diversifolia, Cianthus, Delphinium nudicaule, Funkia, Gentiana acaulis, Humea elegans, Hibiscus speciosus, Musa ensete, Phormium, Physanthus, Phlox (perennial), Rhodochiton volubile, Tritoma uvaria, Yucca.

**ONE YEAR OR MORE.**—Ampelopsis, Adiumia, Anthocereus, Clematis in variety, Dictamnus, Geranium sanguineum, Iris, Lilies, Lupinus polyphyllus, Musa, Tradescantia, Viola odorata.

[**NOTE.**—When sowing label the rows and write also the month and day of month. Then by reference to the above table you can tell when to expect the plants. Sow the seeds which come up about the same time in contiguous rows, water well, then cover and keep covered till the plants appear. After the first watering water cautiously. Keep soil moist, but not wet. Wet soil and poor ventilation will cause the seeds to rot or the plants to damp off. Shelter the young plants from hot sun, rain and wind or cold draughts of air, all of which will ruin them. Transplant as soon as large enough. They must not become crowded.]

## Park's Floral Magazine

Is a live monthly, well illustrated, entirely floral, and the favorite wherever known. It carries sunshine and joy into more than 10,000 homes, and will do the same for you if you wish it. Only 50 cents a year with premium.

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Mrs. L. N.

Bradford Co., Pa., Dec. 3, 1894.

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Mrs. A. M. Getzerman.

Washington, D. C., July 16, 1894.

Mr. Park:—The Magazine contains so much valuable floral information—just such as amateur needs to bring success.

Bucks Co., Pa.

Clara E. Carter.

**SPECIAL OFFER.**—The annual subscription price of PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE is 50 cents, but those who subscribe previous to July 1, 1894, may select seeds to that amount from this GUIDE as a premium; or see bulb and seed premium offered in the MAGAZINE, a copy of which will be sent you free upon application. Address the Editor and Publisher,

GEO. W. PARK, B. Sc., LIBONIA, FRANK. Co., PA.

## Park's Floral Establishment. FOUNDED IN 1869.

Supplies only first-class Seeds, Bulbs and Plants. These are mostly mailed, postpaid. Safe arrival of all packages guaranteed. Money insured against loss in transit. No risk to the purchaser either way. The establishment is thus brought to your door. See remarks on second page of cover of this GUIDE.

**PUBLICATIONS.**—PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE, monthly, illustrated, 50 cents a year. PARK'S FLORAL GUIDE, annual, issued in January. PARK'S SURPRISE LIST, an illustrated list of plants, issued in April. PARK'S BULB LIST, issued in September. Copies of any of these publications mailed free upon application. Address

GEO. W. PARK, LIBONIA, FRANK. Co., PA.

# Summer-flowering Bulbs.

## ANEMONE CORONARIA.

Fine tubers, red, white and blue, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen.

## CHINESE PÆONIES.

Finest mixture, choice colors, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.



## Splendid Tuberous Begonias.

Large-flowered, fine white,	per dozen.	80 cents,	each 8 cents.
" yellow,"	" "	80 "	8 "
" bright red,"	" "	80 "	8 "
" rosy pink,"	" "	80 "	8 "
best mixture,"	" "	80 "	8 "

The Tuberous Begonias I offer are of the finest strain, and will produce very large flowers of the brightest and most distinct colors. The tubers are large, and of superior vitality. They are of easy culture. Pot in loose, porous, well-drained soil, placing just so the crown will be above the surface. When growth becomes active, water liberally. Give plenty of light, but shelter from wind and hot sun.

Mr. Park:—I have nothing prettier among all my plants than the Tuberous-rooted Begonias. The yellow one is especially admired, though all you sent me are lovely—the blossoms are so large, and the coloring all that can be desired. "Mrs. J. E. W.

Oregon City, Ore., Oct. 24.

Mr. Park:—I never saw a prettier collection of Tuberous Begonias than mine—white, pink, yellow and scarlet. One lady said, "Why, I did not know you could grow such beauties outside a greenhouse." L. G. S.

Barnstable Co., Mass., Dec. 21, 1894.

Mr. Park:—My Tuberous Begonias were grand. The foliage was almost equal to Rex, but the bloom far surpassed my expectations.

Cable, O., Feb. 11, 1895. Mrs. J.

## Choice Mixed Gladioli.

25 cents per dozen, \$1.50 per hundred.

I offer blooming bulbs of a very superior strain of French Hybrid Gladioli. The bulbs are not of the larger size, but they will produce fine spikes of the most beautiful flowers in the finest colors. I cheerfully recommend them. Lemoine Gladioli in fine mixture, 35 cents per dozen.

Mr. Park:—A flower that holds a place in my heart is the Gladiolus. Nothing attracts more attention each year than my large beds of this easily grown bulb when in flower.

Mable H. Monsey.

GLADIOLUS. Hartford, Wash., April 11, 1893.

## CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

Fine bulbs 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.

## DOUBLE DAHLIAS.

Fine named varieties. 15 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

## Beautiful Gloxinias.

Finest mixture of choicest strains, large, handsome tubers, per dozen, \$1.00 each 10 cents.

Gloxinias are rapidly coming into favor because of their great beauty and the ease with which they may be grown. Treatment same as recommended for Tuberous Begonias. They are equally as satisfactory as Begonias, and when better known will be equally as popular.

Mr. Park:—My Gloxinia produced nine buds and blossoms at one time. The plant is beautiful, but when crowned with the lovely trumpet-shaped flowers it is one of the loveliest things that one can have in a floral collection. Dottie Dutton. Fonda, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1895.

## HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

Large bulbs 10 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

## LILIUM AURATUM.

Splendid bulbs, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

## MADEIRA VINE.

Fine tubers 10 cents each.

This is a rapid grower, bearing dense masses of clean, heavy, glossy foliage, and in autumn numerous racemes of deliciously-scented white flowers. It is excellent for trellises, summer houses or pillars of a veranda.

## TIGRIDIAS.

Tigridia conchiflora, yellow

Grandiflora, red

Grandiflora, white



## Double Tuberoses.

Extra bulbs, Excelsior Pearl, per dozen 35 cents, each 5 cents. Blooming-sized bulbs, " 25 " 3 "

These bulbs are Southern-grown, and in fine condition. They will produce large spikes of choice bloom.

## WATER LILIES.

White, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen. Yellow, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.

I pay postage. Order before the hot summer weather comes.

GEO. W. PARK,

Libonia, Franklin Co., Pa.